The Mapleton Item.

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THE ITEM

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Nut,	(Net Tons)	$4 40
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Leave your orders at the office.

Main Street——Near Depot.

M. L. REX.

WRITE THEM A LETTER TO-NIGHT.

Don't go to the theatre, lecture or ball,
But stay in your room to-night;
Deny yourself to the friends that call,
And a good long letter write—
Write to the sad old folks at home,
Who sit when the day is done,
With folded hands and downcast eyes,
And think of the absent one.

Don't selfishly scribble: "Excuse my haste,
I've scarcely the time to write,"
Lest their brooding thoughts go wandering back
To many a bygone night,
When they lost their needed sleep and rest,
And every breath was a prayer
That God would leave their delicate babe
To their tender love and care.

Don't let them feel that you've no more need
Of their love and counsel wise;
For the heart grows strangely sensitive
When age has dimmed the eyes.
It might be well to let them believe
You never forget them quite—
That you deem it a pleasure when far away,
Long letters home to write.

Don't think that the young and giddy friends
Who make your pastime gay
Have half the anxious thoughts for you
That the old folks have to-day.
The duty of writing do not put off,
Let sleep or pleasure wait,
Lest the letter for which they look and longed
Be a day or an hour too late.

For the sad old folks at home,
With locks fast turning white,
Are longing to hear of the absent one—
Write them a letter to-night.

—*Cincinnati Saturday Night.*

HIS GRATITUDE.

As Mrs. Wilson was returning home from milking one night she was accosted by a poor boy in rags, who begged for a glass of milk. He was such a pitiful looking object and yet had such an honest face, that she persuaded him to tell her his story. He confessed that he had just broken out of jail, where he had been imprisoned for no crime of his own, but for the raeson that he had been found in company with some thieves when they were apprehended. This story might have gained little credence with some people, but Mrs. Wilson was warmed-hearted and believed him. She not only threw his pursuers off the scent when they arrived, but gave the lad a new suit of clothes and a bundle of necessary articles. Even the pocket Bible she had given to her son Johnnie was included in the bundle. Then, with many words of advice to the motherless boy, she sent him on his way, overcome with gratitude.

* * * * * * *

"John," said Mr. Davenant to one of his clerks whom he had summoned to his private office, "you've been working hard all winter and need a vacation."

It was not the habit of the senior member of the wealthy firm of Davenant, Haviland & Co. to say much to his employees aside from his necessary instructions, and there was some surprise in the young man's look and tone as he said:

"I hardly think I can afford one."

"Oh, I mean that it will be in way of business, so your salary will go on all the same. I've bought a place in Milford, Connecticut, and I want you to see about some repairs that are needed. Are you acquainted in that part of the country?"

"I ought to be," cried the young man, with sparkling eyes. "Why, I was born in Milford, living there until I was fourteen, and know every nook and crook in it. In what part of the town did you buy?"

"In the southern part; on the river. It is called the old Robert's place, I believe."

"It's the old homestead, where I spent the happiest part of my life. Mother's maiden name was Roberts; the property came through her."

The speaker's voice trembled with suppressed emotion, but if Mr. Davenant noticed it he did not seem to do so.

"It is a beautiful place. I don't see how you could make up your mind to part with it."

"It was no matter of choice, sir. It was mortgaged at the time of father's death. For some time mother kept up the interest, but at last a series of misfortunes, in the way of sickness and bad crops, obliged her to let it go."

"Where is she living now?"

"She is living in a little cottage I hired for her in a town adjoining Milford; so I shall have an opportunity of seeing her if I go."

"I want to get a trusty, competent woman to take charge of the place, as I don't expect to be there myself except during two or three weeks in the summer. Perhaps your mother would like to do so?"

John's face flushed with surprise and pleasure.

"She would like nothing so well, sir; nor could you get anyone that would suit you better."

"Very well; then it is settled that you start to-morrow morning. Here is some money, and you are to draw on me if you need more. I want you to buy a good horse and a cow and some other things that you will find on the list. It is my intention to start a branch office in Milford for the sale of our manufactures, and put you in charge of it. But I will attend to that myself when I come on in June."

Mr. Davenant was as good as his word, reaching Milford about the middle of the month, John going to the station to meet him. The young man was too animated and excited to notice his companion's grave pre-occupied air.

"I don't believe there was ever a happier woman than mother, now she has got back to her old home," he said, as they came in view of the house.

Strangely conflicting feelings filled Mr. Davenant's heart as he alighted at the gate. Here he had stood, a homeless, outcast boy, fifteen years before. The same sunset hues burned in the western sky; on every side were the same bloom and verdure. And there was the same gentle, meek-browed woman—somewhat older, but with the same pleasant smile upon her face—coming down the path to meet them.

"It is your house, not mine, to which you bid me welcome," said Mr. Davenant, in reply to her greeting, "as you will see by examining this paper."

The paper Mrs. Wilson took into her trembling hand was a deed of the place, made out in her own name.

"I don't understand it," she faltered, lifting her eyes to those that were looking at her through grateful tears.

"Perhaps this will make you understand it more clearly," said Mr. Davenant, placing in her hand a pocket Bible, on the fly-leaf of which was written: "To John Wilson, from his mother. Remember thy Creator in the days of thy youth."

Beneath it, in bolder and more recent characters, were the following: "Cast thy bread upon the waters and thou shalt find it after many days."

Making Country Roads.

The roads should be worked at proper times. The need of the dirt-road is little repairs often made. The practice is to do almost all the work just after "corn planting." This is wrong, for two reasons: It is too late for the best results, and too much is done at one time. Six inches of earth or gravel will make a far better road if put on in layers of, say, two inches at intervals of a month or so, than will the entire amount applied at once. Just as the roads are settled in the Spring, and before they have become dry and hard, the scraper should be put to work leveling and filling the ruts worn during the Winter, and slightly rounding the roadbed towards the centre. The ground still being moist, and not compact as at the usual time of doing this, the work can be done more easily and rapidly and the road will pack better. Later, a light coat of earth or gravel, to be followed by another when the first becomes packed hard, and this in turn by a third, if possible. Lastly, in the fall, the entire road should be gone over to see that all gutters and bridges are free, that the road may not be washed out by winter storms and spring rains. All mudholes, of course, should be filled promptly at all times, so that no water may stand in the road, and loose stones should be removed at least once a month.—*The Century.*

THE preparations for taking the census next year are being rapidly made. The state of Pennsylvania has been divided into ten districts over each of which will be appointed a supervisor. Huntingdon county has been placed in the seventh district which comprises Bedford, Blair, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata, Snyder, Union, Fulton, Franklin, Adams and Cumberland counties. The applicant for supervisor of this district is John Z. Kinch, of Altoona, indorsed, by Senator Quay, Chairman Andrews, General Hastings, Mayor Edmund Turner and many others. Other applicants are F. J. Ferguson, of ——;D. P. Wright, of Alum Bank; C. B. Clark and M. Kinkead, of Altoona. The last named gentleman is said to have the indorsment of Hon. John Cessna, of Bedford and Hon. H. G. Fisher, of Huntingdon. The weight of influence is in favor of Mr. Kinch and he will in all probability be named as supervisor for this district.

THE Philadelphia *Inquirer* of last Saturday says:

"When the extent to which the Pennsylvania Railroad was damaged by the floods last June became known, most of its stockholders prepared to hear that the enormous sum required for repairs would necessitiate the passing of the next semi-anual dividend. Yesterday, however, the Board of Directors met and declared the usual dividend of 2½ per cent, calling special attention to the fact that it was made out of profits and payable in cash. The business of the summer and early fall has been so profitable that the storm damages have been repaired and the company still has enough cash to pay its regular dividend. Investors who put their money into Pennsylvania Railroad stock, which has long been a favorite for permanent investments, will now have more confidence in it than ever."

The Election.

The election passed off very quietly in Mapleton, a light vote being polled. The result in the borough is about as anticipated, but the result of the contest for sheriff is a surprise. Up to the time of closing our forms at midnight, returns have been received from 35 districts, which give Wilson a majority of 149. The districts not heard from, gave Isenberg a majority of 79, three years ago, and, unless there be important changes, Mr. Wilson is elected sheriff by less than a hundred majority. Heck is elected director of the poor by a majority of several hundred. We give the vote for sheriff, so far as heard from, and will give full returns in our next issue.

	Oaks.	Wilson.
Ardenheim	19	39
Barree		
Birmingham	19	28
Brady	57	69
Broad Top City	22	20
Calvin		
Carbon	15	47
Cass		
Clay		
Coalmont		
Cromwell	104	69
Dublin	60	35
Dudley	16	31
Franklin	32	58
Grantsville		
Henderson	23	33
Hill Valley		
Hopewell		
Huntingdon, 1st Wd.,	120	79
" 2nd Wd.,	181	97
" 3rd Wd.,	119	108
" 4th Wd.,	131	83
Jackson		
Juniata	37	25
Lincoln	57	23
Logan (28 majority for Wilson.)		
Mapleton	61	66
Marklesburg		
Miller		
Morris	2	88
Mt. Union Borough	59	73
" District	42	24
Oneida		
Orbisonia	88	83
Penn	14	49
Porter	64	165
Robertsdale	44	30
Rock Hill	50	58
Saltillo	26	35
Shade Gap	22	8
Shirley	61	99
Smithfield		
South Dublin		
Springfield	76	14
Spruce Creek		
Tell		
Three Springs		
Tod		
Union	54	33.
Valley Point		
Walker		
Warriorsmark	59	123
West		

The detailed vote in Mapleton borough and Union township is as follows:

Mapleton Borough—State Treasurer, Boyer 86, Bigler 42, Johnson 1; Sheriff, Oaks 61; Wilson 66; Poor Director, Heck 80, Jones 48; Surveyor, Ketterman, 84, H. H. Swope 1.

Union—State Treasurer, Boyer 71, Bigler 16, Johnston 2; Sheriff, Oaks 54, Wilson, 33; Heck 71, Jones 17; Surveyor, Ketterman 76.

THE Sixteenth Annual Meeting of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held in Battery D, Chicago, Nov. 8–12. This session is anticipated as one of unusual interest to all who are concerned for the progress of temperance and other branches of reform aided by this association. Reports in more than forty distinct lines of work will be presented, and it is believed that they will show steady progress and broadening influence in these forms of Christian activity. During the meeting there will be a medal contest, at which a diamond medal will be awarded for the best temperance recitation.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

An Interesting Budget of Late Dispatches.

A Mexican Military Escort Murders Its Sergeant.

A serious mutiny has occurred among the train escort on trains near Vera Cruz, Mexico. A Corporal and four privates attacked their superior officers, severely wounding the Lieutenant and killing a Sergeant outright. The affair occurred about 5:30 P. M. The object of the mutineers seems to have been to stop the train and make their escape. They first attacked the Sergeant, and in the scuffle which followed this officer was run through by a bayonet, which pierced his left lung and stood out several inches behind his back. The young Lieutenant, who was smoking a cigarette on the platform, hearing the disturbance entered the car, and, seeing the dead body of his Sergeant, drew his sword and began to lay about him, wounding one or two of the soldiers.

On the fall of the Sergeant other soldiers who first had wavered joined the mutineers, and by one of these the young Lieutenant was shot, the bullet entering his body near the shoulder. He then caught hold of his sword with his left hand and continued to defend himself, but was at last overpowered and thrown to the floor.

By this time the train was almost due at Soltepec and the mutineers now directed their efforts to climbing on the engine with a view of forcing the engineer to make a halt. The escort car is always attached to the tender and no difficulty was experienced in reaching the engine, but to intimidate the engineer and fireman, both of whom were armed, proved to be no such easy matter. The engineer was an American and the fireman a Mexican. Seeing that they would probably fail in their object, the five ringleaders jumped from the train, but so unskilfully that one was run over and cut in two and the other four were all more or less injured. They succeeded, however, in getting up and making off.

The greatest alarm prevailed in the passenger cars, and several ladies fainted. On arriving at Soltepec a detachment of rural guards surrounded the escort car, and, entering it with cocked rifles, they succeeded in disarming the remaining mutineers, who were then secured.

Desertions in the Army.

Major General George Crook, commanding the Division of the Missouri, has submitted his annual report to the Secretary of War. The subject of desertions is given prominent attention. He says:

"The number of deserters has increased so rapidly of late years, and the remedies therefor, which have been adopted, proved so entirely useless to prevent the offense, that I think it may well be said desertion is now the greatest evil existing in the army. Many remedies have been proposed and many causes assigned. Among these causes the one most frequently alleged is that the soldier is required to perform too much manual labor, and that he is subjected to harsh and tyrannical treatment by his officers and non-commissioned officers. A careful examination of the subject leads me to the opinion that this statement is true only to a limited extent. While soldiers are expected to work when necessary, it will be found, I think, on examination that the amount of work required of them is small, and that as far as their treatment by their officers is concerned it is, with some few exceptions, as good as could be expected. I feel much hesitation in proposing a remedy. It seems to me not inappropriate, however, to suggest that a remedy, or at least a mitigation of the evil, may be found in a change of the method of recruiting the army.

"To illustrate, a recruiting office is established in this city. The recruits enlisted here are in most cases men of whom nothing is known. The recruiting officer has practically no means of finding out anything about them or their families, who their friends are, or what the character of the applicants may be. Such men having been sent to their regiments become dissatisfied with the discipline and hardships of military life. A large proportion of such men desert. I am of the opinion that if some means could be adopted by which we could obtain for service in the army a different class of recruits, a class whose family connections and local associations are known, we should thereby reduce largely the number of such desertions. Again, I am decidedly of the opinion that if a soldier could, after a reasonable term, sever his connection with the military service by a payment of the amount which his enlistment and service had cost the Government, it would go far also toward preventing his desertion. I would also suggest the propriety of shortening the term of enlistment."

Heavy Smuggling of Opium.

Investigation has made it apparent that a gang of opium smugglers have been at work in San Francisco a number of months, and have defrauded the United States Government out of a large amount of customs dues. The largest firm in China exporting opium is the house of Sing Wo & Co., of Hong Kong. They export three-fourths of the opium sent out from China. A prominent Chinese merchant in San Francisco has taken an inventory of the shipments made by Sing Wo & Co. in 1888 and for the present year. Last year 1845 boxes were shipped; in the six months of this year 840 boxes, and since July 1, 83 boxes.

Figures at the Custom House demonstrate that scarcely any opium has been received there through the Custom House. The net loss to the Government in customs duties during the last half of 1889 will approximate $400,000. There is no decrease in the amount of opium consumed. On the other hand, it is to be presumed that the consumption is greater than ever, and, as the smugglers furnish all opium not brought through the Custom House, the ring has, during the last six months, been making a profit of over $92,000 a month.

Sweating Drops of Blood.

The death under very peculiar circumstances is reported in the township of Westminster, Ontario, of a middle-aged woman named Janet Jackson a few days ago. She had been nursing her aged mother, who was very ill, and, overcome with grief, remarked to a friend that if she could only die with her mother it would be all right. Immediately she was taken seriously ill with spasms, and those who witnessed her suffering, which lasted for about fifty hours, until death came to her relief, say they never saw anything so terrible in their lives. Two hours before she died the poor woman was sweating drops of blood, which issued out of the pores of the skin. Ten medical men who made a study of the case say they are unable to account for it. She had her wish, as her mother died a few hours after the daughter had passed away.

RUSSELL SAGE, the New York stock speculator, is a shrewd, handsome-faced, nervous-mannered man in the neighborhood of sixty, with a clean-shaven upper lip and a fortune of something like $50,000,000.

WITH A GILT SPADE.

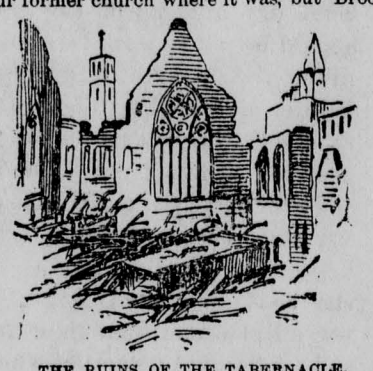
Dr. Talmage Breaks Ground for the New Tabernacle.

The ceremony of breaking ground for the new Tabernacle, to be erected in Clinton and Greene avenues, in Brooklyn, attracted a large number of spectators. The exercises consisted of singing, prayer, reading the Scriptures, and addresses. Dr. Talmage presided, and also turned over the first sod with

THE TABERNACLE BEFORE THE FIRE.

a gilt spade. The top of the iron part of the spade, as well as the handle, was covered with blue plush. Among the ministers who participated were the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbot, the Rev. Dr. Ingersoll, the Rev. John D. Wells, and the Rev. Dr. Terhune. Dr. Talmage made an address, in the course of which he said:

"We put our church here because it is as near as we can get to the centre of our congregation. We were central when we planted our former church where it was, but Brook-



THE RUINS OF THE TABERNACLE.

lyn moved on and moved up and moved out."

Treasurer John Wood said it would be one of the largest and most imposing churches in the world. The regular seating capacity would be more than 5000, and by throwing open the Sunday-school rooms there would be accommodation for 2000 more. The insurance companies affected by the late fire have settled with the trustees for $115,000, which will about pay for the ground for the new building.

The building that was burned down was dedicated February 22, 1874, and was known as the largest Protestant church in America. Since then other large churches have been erected, but now it is very probable that the new church will be the largest and most beautiful in the country.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

MODJESKA entertains more than any other woman on the stage.

LONDON is to have yet another new theatre, this time in Kensington.

IT is said that Blanche Roosevelt has induced Sardou to aid her in the dramatization of her novel.

THE citizens of Norwich, Conn., have pledged over $30,000 for the erection of a new opera house in that city.

A PARIS inventor has patented a new theatrical snow "which flutters as it falls and melts on reaching the stage."

MRS. LANGTRY has leased the St. James Theatre, London, recently vacated by the Kendals, now playing in this country, for one year.

CLARA MORRIS has appeared at the Union Square Theatre, in New York city, in the new play written for her by Miss Morton. The plot concerns a Nihilist conspiracy in Paris.

MAUD HALL, who is described as a handsome and clever young Southern actress, has been engaged by Edwin H. Price to play the leading female part in "The Bells of Haslemere."

THE famous old farce of "Box and Cox" was played for the first time in London on the 1st of November, 1847. Buckstone was Box, Harley Cox, and Mrs. MacNamara Mrs. Bouncer.

A SECOND Christine Nilsson has appeared, who is a Norwegian and a singer. She is said to possess a voice of remarkable compass, which in many respects resembles that of Lucca.

SARAH BERNHARDT has made a great hit as Theodora at the Porte St. Martin in Paris. The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says that she "never showed a more resolute temper or a more youthful aspect."

WHILE the world is wondering where Henry M. Stanley is, and whether he will ever escape from the heart of Africa with his life, he is being advertised for a series of lectures to be delivered in the season of 1890-91.

Two years ago the theatre at Exeter, England, was burned down and nearly 200 persons perished in the flames. A new theatre, which is said to be fire-proof, has been erected on the site of the old one, and has just been opened.

THE famous old Sadler's Wells Theatre in London, which has been allowed to sink into a position very different from its once high estate, is to be renovated and will reopen with a revival of Watts Phillips's "Lost in London."

MADAME MINNIE HAUK, whose most successful impersonation has been that of Carmen, has bought the Villa Triebschen, on the lake of Lucerne, the house in which Wagner lived for sixty years, from 1866 until 1872.

MISS MARY ANDERSON has returned to London after a stay of several weeks in the Western Highlands of Scotland, and is "in splendid health and radiant good spirits." She thinks of making a brief professional tour of Germany.

PRESIDENT HARRISON appeared at a Washington theater the other night for the first time since he became an inmate of the White House. The play was Albert P. Haven's new historical drama, "Josephine, Empress of the French."

THE Paris theaters, which some thought would be impoverished by the Exhibition being kept open till midnight, have been so flourishing that in the last five months the ten per cent. levied on the receipts for the poor has yielded $400,000.

A CLIPPING from an old English paper was sent to A. M. Palmer the other day, in which a list was given of certain convicts about to be sent to Australia. Among them was "the notorious bank forger, Barrister Seward, alias 'Jim the Penman.'"

IT seems to be a settled fact that a large body of colored colonists will be given a tract of land by the Mexican Government.

MANY WOMEN CRUSHED.

Buried Under Falling Walls in Glasgow, Scotland.

A New Building Blown Down on a Carpet Factory.

A terrible disaster has occurred in Glasgow, Scotland. The wall of a building that was being erected alongside of Templeton's Carpet Factory, was blown down, and a large mass of debris fell on the roof of the weaving department of the factory, crushing it in, and burying fifty girls and women employed in the weaving rooms.

There were 140 girls in all at work in the carpet factory. All made a rush for the exit, which quickly became jammed. Many made their way out through the crush safely, but eighteen were badly injured. There were many narrow escapes.

It was at this small exit that the casualties occurred. The work of searching the ruins was begun immediately, with the aid of electric lights. By 1 o'clock in the morning twenty-five bodies were recovered, and twenty-five were still missing. Many pathetic scenes were witnessed among the parents and friends of the victims.

The accident happened soon after the workmen had left the new building, which was 300 feet long. Survivors of the accident relate that a sudden extinguishing of lights was the only warning. The tremor resulting from the fall was felt for a great distance. It was rumored that the foundation of the building was laid over a disused coal pit.

LATER NEWS.

HARRISON LORING, of Boston, has been awarded the contract for building cruiser No. 11, one of the 2000-ton type, for $674,000.

IN a saloon row at Nashville, Tenn., Sheriff Grigsby, of Dickinson County, was shot to death by J. C. Arelidge, a distiller.

THE 2000 Indians occupying the Wind River Reservation, just north of the Yellowstone National Park, W. T., are in want and many may die of starvation before spring.

THE attempted assassination of a Chinaman in Chinatown, San Francisco, led to a pitched battle between highbinders, in which several persons were wounded.

THE estimated stock of gold and silver coin in the United States Treasury for November 1, shows gold coin, $619,640,450; full legal tenders silver coin, $343,638,001; subsidiary silver, $76,628,781.

THE total gold coinage at all the mints during October was $2,570,966.50; total silver coinage, $3,310,564.35; total minor coinage, $6,018,153.44.

THE Treasury Department officials estimate that the public debt reduction during October amounted to about $9,000,000.

THE cruiser Charleston has been formally accepted by Secretary Tracy.

CHAIRMAN COOLEY, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, has expressed his official opinion that passenger rates in the West are too high.

THE President has appointed Jerome A. Watrous, of Wisconsin, to be Collector of Customs for the District of Milwaukee, Wis.

THE French Government has suspended the payment of the stipends of fifty-five priests in various parts of France for preaching political sermons on the occasion of the recent elections.

NICOLAS GABRILOVITCH TSCHERNISCHEWSKI, the father of Nihilism in Russia, is dead, aged sixty years.

THE Swiss Government has apologized for a mistake made last August in the arrest of five American gentlemen on the charge that they were pickpockets.

THE members of the Irish Home Rule party who have been traveling through Australia have finished their tour. They collected $100,000 to advance the Irish cause.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

Nine Men to Hang at Fort Smith, Arkansas.

Judge Parker, of the United States Court for the Western District of Arkansas, has passed sentenced of death at Fort Smith upon Sam Goins, Jimmon Burris, Harris Austin, John Billy, Thomas Willis, M. James, Jefferson Jones, George Tobler and Charley Bullard, execution to take place Thursday, January 16, 1890. This is the largest number ever sentenced in the court at one time, and as there are no extenuating circumstances connected with any of their cases, they will all likely be executed on the same day and at the same time, making the largest number by three ever hanged in Arkansas on the same day.

Goins and Jimmon Burris, Choctaws, killed Houston Boice in the Choctaw Nation in November, 1888. Harris Austin, Chickasaw, slew a white man at Tishomingo in 1884. John Billy, Thomas Willis and James, Choctaws, murdered Matison Williams in the Choctaw Nation in April, 1889. Jefferson Jones, Choctaw, killed Henry Wilson in the Choctaw Nation March 13, 1889. George Tobler, colored, slew another colored man at a dance in the Choctaw Nation. Charley Bullard, colored, murdered Walker Dean near Gibson Station, Cherokee Nation, in March last.

RAILROAD COLLISION.

Three Persons Killed and Four Injured.

Norfolk and Western east bound passenger train No. 2, which left Roanoke, Va., fifteen minutes late, was run into by a west bound freight train east of Bufordsville, wrecking the freight engine and five cars and the passenger engine, baggage, mail and express cars. Thousands of dollars' worth of canned goods were scattered in every direction. Three men were killed and four injured. The collision was caused by the freight men mistaking the figure 1:20 o'clock for 1:40 on their order. They should have side tracked their train at the station east of Bufords.

A colored man who was returning from church saw the trains approaching each other and signaled them. The passenger train had nearly stopped, but the freight dashed into it at the rate of thirty miles an hour.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

A FAST freight train jumped the track at Rahway, N. J. Three men received fatal injuries.

CALEB DINSMORE, of Claremont, N. H., aged fifteen, committed suicide by placing the muzzle of a gun to one of his eyes and firing the gun with a cane.

THE Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, accompanied by his wife and daughter, left for the Holy Land on the steamship City of Paris. The steamer will carry him to Liverpool; after a short stay there, the reverend gentleman will take a steamer up the Mediterranean.

THE steamers Cleopatra and Crystal Wave were sunk in a collision off the Delaware Capes.

T. W. D. PHILLIPS, of Burrillville, R. I., has become insane in consequence of his removal from the postmastership in that town.

EIGHT workmen were seriously injured, some fatally, by the collapse of two houses built on Buddensiek principles at Passaic, N. J.

WILLIAM HENRY CRESSON, cashier of the Tradesmen's National Bank, of Conshohocken, Penn., is a defaulter in $50,000. The bank is closed.

South and West.

FIVE men are to be hanged in Hancock, Tenn., on December 23, for the murder of Henly Sutton, a prominent stock buyer. The murder was the result of a family feud, and the Tennessee Supreme Court has confirmed the sentence of the lower court.

MR. AND MRS. MILLER, an old couple who lived near Unadilla, Ga., were brutally murdered by thieves, and their house ransacked and robbed.

P. M. ARTHUR was re-elected Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers at the convention at Denver, Col.

OLIVER GARRISON, seventy-nine years old, who built the first steamboat to ply between New Orleans and St. Louis, has committed suicide at the latter city.

SERGEANT T. C. BARON, Thirteenth Regiment, U. S. A., was fatally wounded by a butcher named Taylor, during a drunken brawl in Guthrie, Indian Territory.

FIRE in the packing-house of Armor & Co., in Kansas City, has caused a loss of $110,000.

GREAT excitement exists at Lexington, N. C., on account of the arrest of thirty white men, charged with the recent lynching of Robert Berrier, who murdered his mother-in-law.

FIVE Chinese lepers have been shipped back to Hong Kong from San Francisco.

THE forty-third annual meeting of the American Missionary Society opened in Chicago.

THE drug establishment of O'Neil & Dyas, at Akron, Ohio, has been destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $250,000.

THE United States ship Monongahela, which arrived at San Francisco from Samoa, brought the body of Captain C. M. Schoonmaker, of the United States man-of-war Vandalia, who was drowned in the great torm of March 16.

THE Indiana State Board of Health has received information that hog cholera is prevalent in the northern and northwestern counties of the State.

ONE of the large boilers of the Bellair blast furnaces at Bellair, Ohio, exploded with terrible force, cracking two other boilers in the main battery and wrecking the boiler-room. The damage to the mill and adjoining property is $200,000. No one was injured.

WHILE a portable engine was being worked on a farm near Hamlet, Ind., the boiler exploded, killing Adam Mann and seriously scalding five others.

Washington.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has appointed John C. Slocum, of Florida, to be Surveyor-General of Florida.

SECRETARY TRACY has awarded the contract for the building of the new 2000-ton cruiser to the Columbia Iron Works and Dry Dock Company, of Baltimore, at their bid of $1,225,000.

PRIVATE SECRETARY HALFORD has returned to Washington from Fortress Monroe, and resumed his duties at the White House.

JOHN FIELD has been appointed by President Harrison Postmaster at Philadelphia.

ACTING SECRETARY BATCHELLER has decided that Chinese laundrymen are laborers within the meaning of the Chinese restrictive act, and are therefore prohibited from landing in the United States, no matter whether they have been here before or not.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL MILLER has appointed James P. Van Rensselaer to be Assistant District-Attorney for the Southern District of New York.

REAR ADMIRAL WALKER was entertained at dinner by his friends in Washington; and Admiral Franklin, in the same city, gave a dinner to the delegates to the Maritime Conference.

THE annual report of Brigader-General Nelson A. Miles, commanding the Division of the Pacific, has been received at the War Department. He recommends appropriations of $30,000,000 for sites, plants and guns.

SECRETARY BLAINE has acquitted Consul Lewis of the particular charge made against him by Ramon Azogue, interpreter at the Tangier Consulate, of withholding money due the latter.

THE President has appointed William B. Sheppard, of Florida, Collector of Customs at Apalachicola, Fla.; also the following Surveyors of Customs: John Mahood at Galena, Ill.; William H. Alexander at Omaha, Neb.; Henry C. McArthur at Lincoln, Neb.

THE Government Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad in their report to the Secretary of the Interior say that the interests of the United States demand early action to secure the payment of the company's indebtedness to the Government.

L. P. DAWSON, son of ex-Education Commissioner Dawson, is under arrest in Washington for stealing postage stamps from the rooms of the bureau.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WANAMAKER has made public an order fixing rates on Government telegraph messages for the current fiscal year.

Foreign.

A CANADIAN Government organ has announced that proclamation of the Weldon Extradition Act is deferred until the United States Senate takes action on a new British Extradition Treaty.

THE United States ship Mohican, which arrived at Honolulu from Callao, received orders to proceed to Samoa to reinforce the Adams, which is there now.

PRINCE FRANCIS HATZFELDT has been married to Miss Clara Huntington, daughter of C. P. Huntington, the American railroad magnate, in the Brompton Oratory at London by Bishop Emmans.

IN a railway accident near Agra, in India, fifteen persons were killed and forty injured.

THE British ship Bolan, from Calcutta for Liverpool, has foundered at sea. Thirty-three lives were lost.

THE General Transatlantic Line steamer Ville de Brest burst her boiler in Tunis Bay. Five persons were killed by the explosion.

FIVE THOUSAND miners employed in the collieries in Barinage, Belgium, went on strike.

HERR GOSCHE, professor of literature in the University of Halle, Germany, has committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

PRESIDENT BARILLIAS, of Gautemala, is reported to have killed twenty-four of the leaders of the recent revolution in that State. They are said to have been supplied with arms from Mexico and New York.

THE London Missionary Society has received news of the massacre by natives of Rev. Mr. Savage and a number of native teachers, and the crew of the society's vessel, the Mary, in New Guinea.

IT has been announced that Mr. Balfour, the Irish Secretary, would introduce in Parliament a bill providing for a large system of land purchase.

THE railway system on the island of Jamaica has been sold by the Colonial Government to a syndicate of American capitalists.

FOUR Peruvian revolutionists were caught while trying to capture a cruiser in Callao Harbor.

THE overflow of the river Po, in Italy, has caused the loss of several lives and the destruction of much property.

THANKSGIVING DAY NAMED

The President's Proclamation Fixing the Date.

The following proclamation, setting apart Thursday, November 28, as a day of National thanksgiving, was issued:

By the President of the United States—a proclamation:

A highly favored people, mindful of their dependence on the bounty of Divine Providence, should seek fitting occasion to testify gratitude and ascribe praise to Him who is the author of their many blessings. It behooves us, then, to look back with thankful hearts over the last year, and bless God for His infinite mercy in vouchsafing to our land enduring peace, to our people freedom from pestilence and famine, to our husbandmen abundant harvests, and to them hat labor a recompense of their toil.

Now, therefore I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States of America, do earnestly recommend that Thursday, the twenty-eighth day of this present month of November, be set apart as a day of National thanksgiving and prayer; and that the people of our country, ceasing from the cares and labors of their working-day, shall assemble in their respective places of worship and give thanks to God, who has prospered us on our way, and made our paths the paths of peace; beseeching Him to bless the day to our present and future good, making it truly one of thanksgiving for each reunited home circle, as for the Nation at large.

In witness thereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and fourteenth.

BENJAMIN HARRISON,
By the President.
JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE second Egyptian cotton crop is far below the average.

THE Florida orange crop is estimated at two million boxes.

THE will of the late Elisha T. Loring of Boston bequeaths $80,000 to public charaties.

THE Eiffel Tower Company has now paid to the stockholders more than the entire outlay.

EARTHQUAKE shocks have been felt over a large part of Mexico, but no damage or loss of life is reported.

THE portrait of the baby King of Spain now appears upon the coin and postage stamps of that nation.

A MAMMOTH factory for plate glass is to be established at Pendleton, Ind., where rich silica deposits and natural gas are to be found.

AN immense sugar plantation in Moreles, Mexico, with an accompanying silver mine, has been sold to a London syndicate for $2,000,000.

THE position of the French in Madagascar has again become critical and the people there are preparing to repudiate the French protectorate.

THE University of Sydney, Australia, will shortly come into the bequest made by the late J. H. Challis of property amounting to $1,000,000.

LORD WOLSELEY has accepted an invitation to be present at the unveiling of the statue of General Robert E. Lee, at Richmond, Va.

IT is claimed that a balloonist named Devey descended safely with the aid of a parachute from a height of 14,000 feet at Wolverhampton, England.

CHILI will abolish all import duties on machinery, copper, iron and steel wire, iron and steel rails, wheels, axles, etc., to be used on railroads.

AN anti-opium league has been formed in Holland for the purpose of restraining the sale of opium to the natives of the Dutch possession of Java.

MR. BRADLAUGH, the English Republican, who has been suffering from congestion of the lungs, has recovered. He will take a sea voyage for his health.

ALL foreigners serving in the Russian telegraph service will be compelled to accept Russian nationality before January 1, 1890, or leave their employment.

THE Paris Exposition took in 2,808,000 tickets in the first fifteen days of October, making a total since the opening of 21,640,000—just double the figures of 1878.

A POWERFUL syndicate of French and Belgian bankers has just concluded a convention with the Chinese Finance Minister to float a Chinese loan on the European market.

OF 100 samples of "safety envelopes," to prevent rifling in the mails, which were submitted to the conference of Postoffice Inspectors at Washington, all were rejected.

THE tallest smoke-shaft in America was completed recently, on the grounds of the Fall River Iron Works. The chimney is 340 feet high above the granite base, and is thirty feet square at the bottom.

WORTH, the famous man-dressmaker of Paris, is a native born Englishman of striking appearance, looking like a Scotchman, and adding to the likeness by wearing almost always a Scotch cap. His father meant to make a printer of him, but he didn't like the work and managed to get into the dry goods trade in London. Thence he went to Paris, where he found favor with the Empress Eugenie, and his fortune was made. He has a fine castle near Paris.

THE *Official Journal* of Athens publishes the result of the recent estimate of the population of the Hellenic kingdom. The total number of inhabitants is given at 2,187,208.

THE LABOR WORLD.

BOSTON'S electricians are going to start a union.

MANY Southern unions are composed altogether of colored men.

THE National Association of Stationary Engineers has now 4811 members.

THE eight-hour rule is observed by the Cincinnati Board of Public Works.

ONE HUNDRED type-writers will be employed by the United States Census Bureau.

THE Knights of Labor claim that 8340 men joined their order during August and September.

THERE are good prospects for the project of forming an International Wood Workers' Federation.

TWO-THIRDS of the cigar dealers of San Francisco have pledged themselves not to sell cigars made by Chinamen.

THE eight-hour movement has been started in Albany, N. Y., the trades unions and the Knights of Labor co-operating.

FIVE assemblies of the Knights of Labor in Cincinnati have joined the International Boot and Shoe Workers' Union.

THE journeymen tailors' strike in Chicago, which lasted five days, has been declared off and the men have returned to work.

STONECUTTERS in St. Louis complain that their situations are threatened by the competition of convict stonecutters in Illinois.

J. J. GERAGHTY, candidate of the miners and other workingmen, has been elected Mayor of Streator, Ill., after an exciting contest.

IN New Hampshire working children between the ages of 14 and 16 years are compelled to go to school three months of the year.

A UNION of machinists is to be formed at Indianapolis, Ind. The Bookbinders' Assembly of that city is going to reorganize as an open union.

THE Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators has 7000 members enrolled in 136 local unions. The receipts last year were $6401; expenses, $5260.

THE silk trade in England is threatened by France, which is running up a large number of silk mills and producing some of the finest work in the world.

BROOKLYN has the largest and best appointed labor hall in the country. It is owned and managed by workingmen. It is known as the Labor Lyceum.

TRADE is very good in the iron and steel industry at Youngstown, Penn. All the mills are running at full blast and no one is idle who is willing to work.

A FRENCH letter, which reached the office of the American Federation recently, states that a number of unions in Paris have begun to agitate for an eight-hour workday.

OVER seven hundred men are now employed at the granite quarries of West Sullivan, Me. The product of the quarries averages from three to four millions of paving blocks a year, besides other work.

THE strongest labor organization in the United States is the Flint Glass Workers' Union. There are 6000 flint glass workers in the country, and all are union men with the exception of less than 100.

IN 1870 there were 739,167 children under sixteen years of age at work in factories in the United States; in 1880 they had increased 1,118,356, and it is believed that in spite of factory laws there are more than ever of children employed.

AN investigation lately made into the condition of colored labor in the South in blast furnaces, rolling mills, iron works, mines, lumber mills and similar industries showed that 9000 colored people were so employed. Of these 2500 are skilled workers.

THE latest scheme to relieve the employer from liability in the case of injury to an employe is the design of an insurance company in London. The workman takes out an accident policy and the premium is paid from his wages. He also signs a contract indemnifying his employer.

A NUMBER of years ago attempts were made to make paper in Ireland out of peat moss, but the results were not satisfactory. A new process has just been discovered by which good paper can be made out of this material, and experiments on a large scale will be made to show its practicability.

IN the Isle of Man, which is in the Irish Sea, there are large lead mines, which are believed to be very ancient, and employ half the population of Laxey, the village in which they are situated. The men work for very small wages, but are contented. The largest water-wheel in the world is at these mills, and is used to ventilate the mines. It is visited as a curiosity by excursionists.

A HAILSTORM, which was almost a hurricane, has swept over Algeria, destroying date plantations, sweeping away railway stations and even viaducts, and nearly everywhere blowing over telegraph poles. The hailstones are said in some places to have been so phenomenally large as to break in the tiled roofs of houses.

THE MARKETS.

44 NEW YORK.			
Beeves	2 50	@ 4 90	
Milch Cows, com. to good	30 00	@50 00	
Calves, common to prime	2 00	@ 2 60	
Sheep	4 25	@ 5 30	
Lambs	6 00	@ 6 50	
Hogs—Live	4 30	@ 4 65	
Dressed	5⅜	@ 6⅛	
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 20	@ 4 40	
Patents	4 75	@ 5 75	
Wheat—No. 2 Red	83½	@ 83¾	
Rye—State	56	@ 57	
Barley—Two-rowed State	55	@ 57	
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	39½	@ 42	
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@ 34	
Mixed Western	24	@ 26½	
Hay—No. 1	80	@ 85	
Straw—Long Rye	60	@ 70	
Lard—City Steam	—	@ 6.35c	
Butter—Elgin Creamery	24½	@ 25	
Dairy, fair to good	15	@ 23	
West. Im. Creamery	10	@ 18	
Factory	7½	@ 12½	
Cheese—State Factory	10¼	@ 10½	
Skims—Light	7½	@ 8¼	
Western	7½	@ 10	
Eggs—State and Penn	23	@ 23½	
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	3 25	@ 3 90	
Sheep—Medium to Good	4 25	@ 4 60	
Lambs—Fair to Good	5 50	@ 6 25	
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 25	@ 4 70	
Flour—Family	5 00	@ 5 25	
Wheat—No. 2 Northern	—	@ 82¼	
Corn—No. 3, Yellow	—	@ 36¾	
Oats—No. 2, White	25¼	@ 25½	
Barley—No. 1 Canada	67	@ 68	
BOSTON.			
Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	5 25	@ 5 80	
Corn—Steamer Yellow	43½	@ 45½	
Oats—No. 2 White	27	@ 35	
Rye—State	60	@ 65	
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight	5	@ 6½	
Sheep—Live weight	2¼	@ 4¼	
Lambs	5¼	@ 6	
Hogs—Northern	—	@ 5½	
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. family	4 00	@ 4 25	
Wheat—No. 2, Red, Nov	81¼	@ 81¾	
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, Nov	40½	@ 41	
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@ 28	
Potatoes—Rose	35	@ 50	
Butter—Creamery Extra	23	@ 24	
Cheese—Part skims	6	@ 7	

Your Pullets Must Lay.

Two or three weeks of judicious management now to assist the pullets in forming their first crop of eggs, so to speak, will make a vast difference in the product of eggs during the next four months. A few dollars properly spent on the flock now, will return to you many fold increase in eggs. Mr. E. R. Stuart, of Lancaster, N. H., says: "I had twelve fine Plymouth Rock pullets. The early hatched ones commenced laying in the fall; when cold weather came on they stopped laying, while the rest had not begun to lay. I then commenced using Sheridan's Powder, advertised to make hens lay. In ten days one pullet commenced to lay, in fourteen days three more began, and in just one month from the time I began using the Sheridan's Powder, the twelve were laying." For 50 cents in stamps, I. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass., will send by mail, two 25 cent packs, five packs for $1; or, for $1.20, a 2¼ pound can of Powder postpaid; six cans for $5, express prepaid. Testimonials sent free. For 5 cents a copy of the best Poultry paper sent prepaid. The paper one year and a can of powder for $1.50.

Pretty Tall.

The highest structure of masonry in the world is said to be the National Museum recently completed at Turin, in Italy. It was originally designed for a synagogue, but it proved ill adapted to that purpose, and was sold to the city. It was then converted into a museum as a monument to the memory of Victor Emanuel. On top of the dome rises a spire nearly as high as the whole of the rest of the building. The gilt statue on the top of this spire stands 538 feet from the ground.

One of the remarkable things in Utah is a mountain near Salt Lake City completely covered by oyster shells. This mountain is nearly nine thousand feet above the level of the sea.

Card of Thanks.

If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam should publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily, from those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair-sized book. How much better to invite all to call on any druggist and get a free sample bottle that you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c. and $1.

A BURIED city, containing relics in profusion, has been unearthed in Honduras.

Listen—a song of rejoicing.
Hearts that were heavy are glad.
Women, look up and be hopeful,
There's help and there's health to be had.
Take courage, O weak ones despondent,
And drive back the foe that you fear
With the weapon that never will fail you.
O, be of good cheer,

for when you suffer from any of the weaknesses "irregularities" and "functional derangements," peculiar to your sex, by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription you can put the enemy of ill-health and happiness to rout. It is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive *guarantee* of satisfaction in every case, or money refunded. See bottle-wrapper.

For all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels take Dr. Pierce's Pellets. One a dose.

ONE man in Western Australia owns and controls nearly 4,000,000 acres of land.

Why *rub*, and *toil*, and *wear* out yourself and your clothes on wash-day, when, ever since 1864, Dobbins's Electric Soap has been offered on purpose to lighten your labor, and save your clothes. *Now* try it. Your grocer has it.

SPARROWS are now being utilized for trap-shooting instead of pigeons.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier Toledo National Bank, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers.

Mild, equable climate, certain and abundant crops. Best fruit, grain, grass and stock country in the world. Full information free. Address Oregon Im'igrat'n Board, Portland, Ore.

Many imitate, none equal, "Tansill's Punch" America's finest 5c. Cigar.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle

Catarrh

Is a complaint which affects nearly everybody, more or less. It originates in a cold, or succession of colds, combined with impure blood. Disagreeable flow from the nose, tickling in the throat, offensive breath, pain over and between the eyes, ringing and bursting noises in the ears, are the more common symptoms. Catarrh is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which strikes directly at its cause by removing all impurities from the blood, building up the diseased tissues and giving healthy tone to the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

OPIUM HABIT. Only Certain and easy CURE in the World. Dr. J. L. STEPHENS, Lebanon, O

AFTER ALL OTHERS FAIL CONSULT

DR. LOBB

329 North Fifteenth St., Philadelphia, Pa., for the treatment of Blood Poisons, Skin Eruptions, Nervous Complaints, Bright's Disease, Strictures, Impotency and kindred diseases, no matter of how long standing or from what cause originating. Ten days' medicines furnished by mail. Send for Book on SPECIAL Diseases. FREE.

BIG G Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio. Trade Mark

I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease.
G. H. INGRAHAM, M. D., Amsterdam, N. Y.

We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction.
D. R. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ill.

$1.00. Sold by Druggists.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND.

Safe and always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for *Diamond Brand*, in red, metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. Send 4c. (stamps) for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," *in letter*, by return mail. *Name Paper.*
Chichester Chem'l Co., Madison Sq., Phila., Pa.

Did You Read

The large advertisement of THE YOUTH'S COMPANION which we published last week? This remarkable paper has the phenomenal circulation of 430,000 copies weekly. No other journal is more welcomed by old and young in the families throughout the land. The publishers make a *special offer* once a year, and to all who subscribe now will send the paper *free to January 1, 1890, and for a full year from that date.* The subscription price is $1.75. Address,
THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass.

St. JACOBS OIL

For Swellings, Bruises, Cuts and Wounds.

"Daily Sights! Cures and Cured!"
AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

What Scott's Emulsion Has Done!

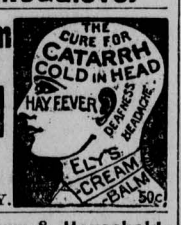
Over 25 Pounds Gain in Ten Weeks. Experience of a Prominent Citizen.

THE CALIFORNIA SOCIETY FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF VICE.
SAN FRANCISCO, July 7th, 1886.

I took a severe cold upon my chest and lungs and did not give it proper attention; it developed into bronchitis, and in the fall of the same year I was threatened with consumption. Physicians ordered me to a more congenial climate, and I came to San Francisco. Soon after my arrival I commenced taking Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites regularly three times a day. In ten weeks my avoirdupois went from 155 to 180 pounds and over; the cough meantime ceased. C. R. BENNETT.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Ely's Cream Balm
WILL CURE
CHILDREN
OF CATARRH.



Apply Balm into each nostril.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

For Dairy, Farm & Household
Frank's American Wonder Machine awarded highest medals. Approved of and found O K by the highest dairy faculties. A child can use it. Always produces first-class butter from sweet milk or cream in 2 minutes. Works from one pint up to the largest quantity. Makes more butter. Clear profit 80 to 120 per ct. Buttermilk remains perfectly sweet for coffee, etc. Is also recommended by children's physicians as best baby food. Machine also makes finest ice cream in 4 minutes. 5 qts., $5.50; 14 qts., $10; 40 qts., $23, etc. Send for testimonials and circulars to F. A. FRANK & CO., Patentees and Sole Mfrs., 316 East 23d St., New York. Reliable agents wanted.

DROPSY
TREATED FREE.
Positively Cured with Vegetable Remedies.
Have cured thousands of cases. Cure patients pronounced hopeless by best physicians. From first dose symptoms disappear; in ten days at least two-thirds all symptoms removed. Send for free book testimonials of miraculous cures. Ten days' treatment free by mail. If you order trial, send 10c. in stamps to pay postage. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS Send for E. B. TREAT'S Catalogue of new books. Shots at Sundry Targets, by Talmage $2.50. Quick sales. Big pay. Also, Mother, Home & Heaven, 400 best authors. Edited by T. L. Cuyler. $2.75. 192,000 sold. 5000 Curiosities of Bible $2. By Mail. E. B. TREAT, N. Y.

OPIUM HABIT.
A Valuable Treatise Giving full information of an Easy and Speedy cure *free* to the afflicted. DR. J. C. HOFFMAN, Jefferson, Wisconsin.

BASE BALL Chadwick's Manual. 7 in. x 5 in. 70 pages. Illuminated Cover, **SENT FREE** on application enclosing one (2c.) stamp, by addressing THEODORE HOLLAND, P. O. Box 120, Phila., Pa.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD
Get the Genuine. Sold Everywhere.

CAMP LIFE.

The one thing you'll always find in every cowboy's outfit when he goes on the spring round-up is a "Fish Brand" Pommel Slicker. They make the only perfect saddle coat, and come either black or yellow. They protect the whole front of the rider's body, being made to fit round the outside of the saddle entire. When used as a walking coat, the extension pieces neatly overlap each other, making a regular overcoat with a double storm-proof front. When riding, the saddle is dry as a bone, from pommel to cantle, and the rider is entirely protected in every part of his body. These "Slickers," being of extra width, make fine blankets for camp. Beware of worthless imitations, every garment stamped with "Fish Brand" Trade Mark. Don't accept any inferior coat when you can have the "Fish Brand Slicker" delivered without extra cost. Particulars and illustrated catalogue free.

A. J. TOWER, - Boston, Mass.

NYNU—44

JONES
HE
PAYS THE FREIGHT.
5 Ton Wagon Scales, Iron Levers, Steel Bearings, Brass Tare Beam and Beam Box for
$60.
Every size Scale. For free price list mention this paper and address
JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

PATTERN FREE!

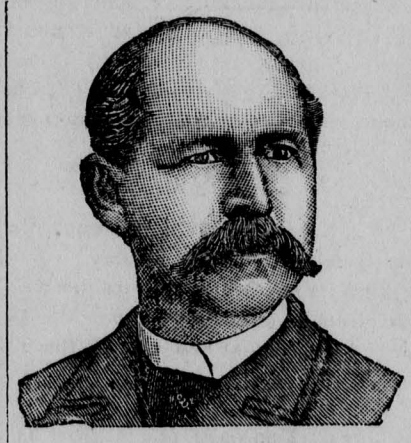
Directoire Basque

In next week's issue of this paper will be printed an order entitling the holder to a Pattern of this Stylish Basque FREE, with illustration and full description. It can be made as illustrated, or, by leaving off the revers, a perfectly plain basque will result. The Pattern is worth 25 cents, and will be given to each purchaser of next week's issue of this paper, as a sample of those given FREE every month with

DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE,
15 EAST 14th STREET, NEW YORK.

CAUTION

W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price are stamped on the bottom of all Shoes advertised by him before leaving his factory; this protects the wearers against high prices and inferior goods. Take none unless so stamped, nor be deceived by others claimed to be as good, on which dealers make more profit—but send direct to factory, and receive by return mail what you want. State kind, button, congress or lace, wide or narrow toe, size and width, and enclose price with order. Prompt delivery and satisfaction guaranteed. Address
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Our claims for this shoe over $3 all other shoes advertised are:
It contains better material.
It is more stylish, better fitting and durable.
It gives better general satisfaction.
It saves more money for the consumer.
Its great success is due to merit.
It cannot be duplicated by any other manufacturer.
It is the best in the world, and has a larger demand than any other $3 shoe advertised.
$5,000 will be paid to any person who will prove the above statements to be untrue.

The following line of shoes will be found to be of the same high standard of excellence:
$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
$2.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE.
$2.25 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE.
$2.00 GOOD-WEAR SHOE.
$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 AND $2 SHOES FOR LADIES.

Both Ladies' Shoes are made in sizes from 1 to 7, including half sizes, and B, C, D, E and EE widths.
STYLES OF LADIES' SHOES.
"The French Opera," "The Spanish Arch Opera," "The American Common Sense," "The Medium Common Sense." All made in Button in the Latest Styles. Also French Opera in Front Lace, on $3 Shoe only.
SPECIAL. W. L. DOUGLAS' $3 GRAIN SHOE (laced) for Gentlemen, with heavy tap sole and strictly waterproof, is just out.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

JOSEPH H. HUNTER, ATTORNEY, WASHINGTON, D. C., WILL GET YOUR PENSION without DELAY.

PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS
Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.
CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

DR. KOEHLER'S FAVORITE COLIC MIXTURE
for all domestic animals, will cure 99 out of every 100 cases of colic, whether flatulent or spasmodic. Rarely more than 1 or 2 doses necessary. It does not constipate, rather acts as a laxative and is entirely harmless. After 20 years of trial in more than 8000 cases, our guarantee is worth something. **Colic must be treated promptly.** Expend a few cents and you have a cure on hand, **ready when needed,** and perhaps save a valuable horse. If not at your druggist's, enclose 50 cents for sample bottle, sent prepaid.
Address **DR. KOEHLER & CO., Bethlehem, Pa.**

I use Dr. Koehler's "Favorite Colic Mixture" right along with success. It is the best colic medicine I have ever seen.
ISAAC MOOG, *Horse Dealer, Brooklyn, New York.*

We cheerfully recommend Dr. Koehler's "Favorite Colic Mixture." Would not be without it as long as we have horses.
ISAAC MOSES & BRO., *Sale and Exchange Stables, Easton, Pa*

CANCER NEW TREATMENT. ABALTIO,

As applied at the Holland Medical and Cancer Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., removes Cancer without pain or use of knife. Scores of patients speak in unqualified terms of praise of the success of this treatment. Write for circular.
HOLLAND MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

THE GREAT CONQUEROR OF PAIN,

For Sprains, Bruises, Backache, Pain in the Chest or Sides, Headache, Toothache, or any other external pain, a few applications rubbed on by hand, act like magic, causing the pain to instantly stop.
For Congestions, Colds, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Inflammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, more thorough and repeated applications are necessary.
All Internal Pains, Diarrhœa, Colic, Spasms, Nausea, Fainting Spells, Nervousness, Sleeplessness are relieved instantly, and quickly cured by taking inwardly 20 to 60 drops in half a tumbler of water. 50c. a bottle. All Druggists.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

An excellent and mild Cathartic. Purely Vegetable. The Safest and Best Medicine in the world for the Cure of all Disorders of the
LIVER, STOMACH OR BOWELS.
Taken according to directions they will restore health and renew vitality.
Price 25 cts. a Box. Sold by all Druggists.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 65½ Whitehall St.

HOME STUDY. Book-keeping, Business Forms Penmanship, Arithmetic, Short-hand, etc. thoroughly taught by MAIL. Circulars free. Bryant's College, 457 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y

$25 AN HOUR made by our Agents. THE DR. PERKINS MEDICAL CO., Richmond, Va.

"A bright home makes a merry heart"—

JOY TRAVELS ALONG with SAPOLIO.

SAPOLIO

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It is a solid cake of scouring soap. Try it in your next house-cleaning.

All work should be so done as to give joy to the worker. Perhaps you have never felt joyful when cleaning house? You never will till you use SAPOLIO to assist you. House-cleaning has been revolutionized since housewives first learned its value. Why shouldn't you find joy in your work? All grocers sell it.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS CO., NEW YORK.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE. H. A. THOMPSON.

SWOPE & THOMPSON,

Editors & Proprietors.

"THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

For Advertising Rates, apply to Publishers.

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa., as Second Calss Mail Matter.

Cassville.

Miss Sue Spangler, of Cass township, is the champion corn husker, and challenges any man in Plank Cabin Valley.

Emory Houck, of Newberg, died on last Wednesday, of consumption, aged 21 years. The father has the sympathy of this entire community in his sad bereavement. He buried a daughter six months ago with the same disease.

N. W. Greenland and Rev. J. M. Mason, two of our enterprising citizens, are making considerable improvement around their premises.

Prof. J. F. Evans, a graduate of Shippensburg State Normal, and instructor in our borough schools, is spoken of as a favorable candidate for the County Superintendency. He is a successful teacher and thorough educator and would make an efficient officer.

While assisting at the barn-raising of John Stever, of Cass township, Joseph Wilson received a sprained ankle which is very painful. He was very fortunate however, as it might have resulted in he loss of a limb.

A. H. Evans, one of our prominent young men, now attending a course of lectures at the Medico-Chirurgical College,of Philadelphia, is enjoying excellent health and we predict for him a bright future.

James Black and son were out on the mountain hunting one day last week when they became separated. Willie saw in the distance a large wild turkey and taking steady aim, fired. He was agreeably surprised at the misshot, as the turkey turned out to be his father. It was a narrow escape, several shot having passed through his clothes. Willie says he would rather hunt coons.

Our genial friend, Dr. Z. B. Taylor, of Orbisonia, left for home last Saturday, and we are glad to note the fact that his two-weeks visit was a very profitable one as he was crowded with work all the time, and, in fact, was compelled to turn some away.

Our jolly tinner, A. C. Hall, who was re-elected weather prognosticator for the borough, predicts lots of snow for the coming winter. However he states that he will look the matter up closer and report the same in due time.

Wesley Hoffman, who has been employed at Williamsburg, Blair county, for the past six months, is home on a visit to his parents.

William Green and wife, of Linden, Osage county, Kansas, were the guests of Austin Green two days last week. We were glad to form the acquaintance of this genial gentleman.

Mail-carrier Cornelius has contracted with Martin Forshey, of Cass township, to carry the mail between this point and Broad Top City, for the remainder of the term.

We were all treated to the usual shower of corn on Halloween by the boys and girls. We learn that some property was destroyed. This we condemn as a cowardly act.

Saltillo.

Mrs. Mary Greene, of Huntingdon, and Mrs. Dr. McCarthy, of Mount Union, were the guests of J. F. Meminger last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Bauman, of Alexandria, Pa., were visible on our streets a few days ago,

Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey, and six children, of Ohio, are visiting Mrs. L.'s father, Andrew Parks.

Mrs. Enyeart and daughter, of Rock Hill, were the guests of George Wolf.

Mr. Gaster, of Waterfall, lost a valuable mule last week for which he had been offered $75, and refused to take it. Having occasion to have him shod, he brought him over to Saltillo and turned him over to Mr. Hildebrand, our blacksmith, who put him in the stocks, as he appeared restive and vicious. He shod the mule, and Mr. G. then attempted to lead the mule out of the stocks, but the mule reared back with force enough to twist an iron crowbar and to break his back. After being liberated from the stocks, the mule turned round twice and fell dead. Mr. Gaster had lost a horse but a few days before.

Mrs. Mary Starr and daughter, of Fulton county, drove to Saltillo to do some shopping and hitched their horse quite near the railroad. When the 11 a. m. train came along the animal became frightened, and, in jumping around, twisted the the shafts and broke the wagon. The horse was extricated from the wreck with difficulty. Persons coming from the country should seek a safe place to hitch their horses.

I am glad to note that all of our sick are improving. Everybody thinks Dr. Stever is "The Physician."

Mrs. Calvin Green and Mrs. Emma Hudson are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Whitney, in Trough Creek.

Quite a party of young people spent Saturday in searching for tea-berries. They were successful to the extent of a half pint each. During their hunt they came across an old love letter, which was rich, rare, and racy.

The E. B. T. R. R. Co. should be held responsible for working on the bridge on Sunday.

Mrs. Elba Green, of Cassville, visited her parents last week.

There is talk of a double-track railroad being laid to connect with either Mount Union or Saltillo, and we are anxious that it shall connect with Saltillo.

Miss Cook, of Cook's Station, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Scott McNeal.

Miss Ellen Drake has returned to her professional duties in the City of Brotherly Love.

Mrs. Moses Greenland, accompanied by her grandson, Scott, visited her daughter Mrs. George Sleeman, last Thursday.

We have an old man in our town who speaks thusly: From rocks and sands and barren lands, kind fortune set me free. From great guns and women's tongues, good Lord deliver me.

A certain lady has forbade persons from walking across her unfenced meadow-lot.

Latta Grove.

Miss Emma R. Smith, of Mount Union visited friends over Sunday.

Miss Jennie Querry who has been absent from home for some time has returned and will attend school the remainder of the winter.

Monroe Dell is now sawing for Querry Bros. Monroe is one of the best sawyers in Pennsylvania and it was with regret that his former employer accepted his resignation.

Rev. H. Brown, of Calvin, who has been visiting friends in Mount Union, has returned and is now conducting a revival at Oterbein.

W. N. Herman took his departure for Kentucky last week, where he will engage in the mercantile business.

U. G. Pheasant, one of our best citizens will move to his farm in Trough Creek Valley this week. Mr. Pheasant is a good neighbor and we are sorry to see him leave but we wish him success in his new home.

The funeral of Mrs. Leah Fields, of Mapleton, took place at Bowman's Chapel on Sunday a week at 11.50 and although the day was rainy and disagreeable, it was one of the largest funerals that ever took place at Bowman's Chapel.

Alvey Dell killed the first wild turkey in this section. It was a large one and Alvey was very proud of his prize.

S. Bowman & Sons are now in Trough Creek engaged in building a barn for Adam Roland.

G. C. Park, of Mifflin county has moved back to Smith Valley. Mr. Park made sale and quit farming on account of poor health, he having had the fever during the summer and is now suffering with mental derangement.

Little Trough Creek.

An axe was accidentally dropped on the saw at Kendig's mill last week while the saw was in motion. It is generally believed that if Jesse D. Shore the sawyer had been in his accustomed place he would have been killed. As it was he was cut in the one arm and in both feet and complained of his breast at first but he is geting along quite well and no serious results are anticipated.

C. W. Steele was somewhat worse last week but at last account was improving again.

Squire Wright is pretty well over the rheumatism again.

Bruce Steele the Ardeheim teacher was home over Sunday.

The quarterly meeting at Pine Grove passed off nicely, and considering the inclemency of the weather, there was a fair attendance. Rev. Foster preaced two eloquent sermons Saturday night and Sunday morning.

D. P. Pheasant, A. W. Pheasant and wife, Bowman's Chapel's faithful leader and steward, took in the Quarterly meeting as did W. T. Boring and wife.

Miss Rindlaub, of Cassville, is visiting friends at Pine Grove.

Folks are all hoping for nice weather now that we have had a clear day.

—Aldema Lodge, No. 189, D. of R., held its semi-annual election on Monday night, with the following result: N. G., Mrs. S. J. Stubbs; V. G., Mrs. C. Swope: Treas., David Shore; Asst. Sec., Miss Nannie Swope.

—Our business is increasing, our store is stocked with the best assortment of goods ever brought to this place. See our new advertisement.

PHILLIPS & SON.

—Who discovered America? Well, if you want to know exactly, here goes: Buddhist monks from China discovered the western coast of America in the summer of 432 A. D. In 464 more Chinamen came over and in 499still more. The aborigines did not exclude them. In 725 monks settled in Iceland. In 965 Bjarni, from Norway, sailed along Nova Scotia and Labrador, being the first European to see the shores of the continent. Leif, the Icelander, made a settlement in Rhode Island in 1000 A. D. In 1170 Madoc, Prince of Wales, made a settlement somewhere in the West, and in 1492 Columbus discovered the country. Columbus made the first practical business discovery.—*New York Sun.*

New Stage Route

—BETWEEN—

Mapleton & Cassville.

Tri-weekly—Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Leave Cassville, on each of the above named days, at 7.30 o'clock, a. m., arriving at Mapleton at 11 o'clock, a. m. Returning, leave Mapleton at any time to suit convenience of passengers. Fare, 50 cents. Merchandise carried at reasonable rates. W. A. HIGHT.

Cassville, Pa., July 3, 1889.-tf.

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New Arrivals.

Another invoice of Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., etc.

An excellent assortment of Lamps. Cheaper than ever before.

A barrel of A No. 1 Syrup are among the new arrivals this week.

Give us a call.

Respectfully,

G. W. WRIGHT.

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SAVE THIS FOR REFERENCE.

Business is Booming

And to keep the ball rolling, I have bought another

$3,000.00 WORTH

of goods from New York bankrupt sales which are now here for inspection at from

50 TO 75 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

Buying for cash and selling for cash on a quick, small profit is the great key that unlocks the door to

Genuine Bargains

to all our customers whose patronage we fully appreciate. Below we again quote you

A FEW PRICES

to prove to you the foregoing—Our line of Children's, Ladies' and Gent's underwear is complete. Child's vests 15 cts. up, Ladies Camel Hair—full suits, only $1.20, and Men's in same proportion.

If you want the latest in Woolen Head Dress get the FAUNTLEROY and DIRECTOIRE Hoods. They are beauties. Also new designs in Fascinators. Our Hats and Caps will be sure to please you. From 15 cents up. The price seems extra low, but they are

AUCTION TRASH

you know, as some call my goods, but the simple fact that the sheriff sold them did not hurt them

Only in the Price,

and he did that right well to the benefit of my customers. Our trade has grown so fast and large that we have built an addition to our room, running back 100 feet, but it is filled up—and you can find the Blankets from 85 cents per pair up. Boy's and Men's Clothing. Shoes, Wholeleather Boots for $1.20 per pair up. Women's heavy shoes 75 cents per pair. Ladies' Jersey Jackets. Shawls all wool from 35 cents up.

OUR SELECTION

Of Infants', Youths', Ladies', and Gents' Mitts and Gloves

Is the Best in the County

With 5 cents per pair to start on. Heavy grey all wool Flannel at 22 cents per yard. Would be cheap at 35 cents. Another lot of

Dress Goods

here. 48-inch Silk Warp Henrietta at $1.10 a yard. Worth $1.35. All Wool Cloth at 69 cents, worth 95 cents. French Foule Plaids, all wool, at 50 cents. worth 65 cents per yard, and so on all through the list. This is

NO HUMBUG

advertisement just to get you here, but the goods are here and you can get all you want and plenty for your neighbors. The old style of storekeeping, charging from 100 to 150 per cent profit on "tick" has gone by and we have turned into the current of the modern plan of

Buying for Cash and Selling for the Same

on 15 and 20 per cent. profit, thus saving to our customers that enormous extra profit and at the same time avoid having from $25,000 to $50,000 of bad debts on our books which we could never collect and which the good-paying customers have to pay by the extra profit charged on the credit plan. Thanking our customers for their liberal patronage we remain Respectfully Yours,

LYNN'S

NOVELTY STORE,

Opposite Opera Block,

HUNTINGDON, - - - - PA.

"Golden Days"

—FOR THE—

BOYS AND GIRLS!

The Brightest and Best of All the Juvenile Publications!

A Specimen Copy Will be Sent Free to Any Address.

GOLDEN DAYS is a sixteen-page weekly filled with stories, sketches of adventure, instructive matter, and everything that can interest, entertain and benefit the boys and girls.

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For 6 months,	1.50
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All communications, business or otherwise, must be addressed to

JAMES ELVERSON,
Publisher of the "Golden Days,"
Philadelphia, Penn.

Subscribe

—FOR—

"The Item."

Keystone Roller Flouring Mills.

Don't Be Deceived!

Our Flour is equal to any in the market and cheaper than the cheapest. Our Chops and Grain are pure and clean and cannot be excelled in quality or price. They are always open for inspection.

Coal. Coal. Coal.

A car-load of Lump Coal will be in this week. Coal men say it is more lasting than Cannel Coal and is much easier on stoves. It is entirely free from dirt and slate. Try half-a-ton.

Closed.

The Mill will be closed on each Saturday evening at 6 o'clock. We must do this, to give ourselves a few hours' time to prepare for the coming week.

Accounts.

No accounts will be carried over 30 or 60 days, unless by special contract.

Notice!

Each one of our customers will receive a bill on or about the first of each month, giving an itemized account of all unpaid purchases made during the month, as well as of all money received in payment of same.

We adopt the above method in order to enable customers to assist us in keeping accounts straight, and we most earnestly request that each one will carefully examine their bill, and, should any mistake be discovered, report same for correction.

Thanking all for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, we are,

Very Respectfully,

HIMES BROS.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Penn'a, Oct. 30, 1889.

BOROUGH DIRECTORY.

Burgess—Dr. J. G. Spangler.
Assistant Burgess - W. B. Stone.
Councilmen -H. R. Gurd, J. B. Ewing, J. G. Gillam, W. H. Dunn, Marshall Yocum, A. Heeter.
Constable—James Montgomery.
High-Constable—S. P. Stubbs.
Tax-Collector & Treasurer— ———
School-Directors—A. M. Parker, Sec'y., A. Heeter. W. B. Stone, J. K. Robley, J. P. Wilson, Pres., B. F. Godard.
Judge-of-Election—A. Lamberson.
Inspectors—F. D. Heeter, B. F. Baker.
Assessor—A. M. Parker.
Auditors—G. W. Wright, I. N. Swope. V. B. McCarthy.
Borough-Clerk—I. N. Swope.
Justices-of-the-Peace—A. W. Swope, ———.
Police-Officers—James Montgomery, R. N. McCarl.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

Mapleton Lodge, No. 468, I.O. O. F. meets every Saturday evening, at 7.00 o'clock, in Rex's Hall. David Shore, N. G.; J. K. Gillam, Secretary.

Aldema Lodge, Daughters of Rebeka, No. 189, meets first and third Monday evenings of each month. H. H. Swope, N. G.; Miss Laura Gillam, Secretary.

Washington Camp, No. 59, Patriotic Order Sons of America meets every Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, in Rex's Hall. Juniata Council (White Degree) meets first Tuesday evening of each month, immediately after adjournment of Camp, John M. Miller, President; George W. Wright, Secretary.

Harry Corbin Post, No. 200, G. A. R. meets first and third Friday evenings of each month, in Rex's Hall.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. C. L. Benscoter, pastor. Preaching every Sunday, alternating morning and evening. Sunday-school, 9 o'clock, a. m. Prayer-meeting every Wednesday evening. Young Men's prayer-meeting every Friday evening.

Church officials—Stewards, A. Heeter, T. M. Logan, H. H. Swope, I. N. Swope, J. P. Wilson, H. R. Gurd. Trustees, A. Heeter, D. H. Foster, R. S. Henderson, J. P. Wilson, Martin Wilson, A. Broombaugh, H. R. Gurd, Benj. O'Connor, John S. Henderson. Superintendent Sunday-school, D. H. Foster; Secretary, J. A. Brumbaugh.

Presbyterian Church—Rev. D. H. Campbell, pastor. Preaching every other Sabbath, alternating morning and afternoon (3 o'clock). Sunday-school, 9, a. m. Prayer-meeting every Sunday and Thursday evenings.

Church officials—Elders, W. H. Rex, A. W. Swope, Samuel Hatfield. B. F. Baker. Deacon, W. W. Wright. Trustees, V. B. McCarthy, Samuel Hatfield, W. W. Wright. Superintendent, Sunday-school, B. F. Baker; Secretary, W. E. Bitner.

U. B. Church—Rev. W. Cramer, pastor. Preaching every Sabbath, alternating morning and evening. Sunday-school, 9, a. m. Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening.

Church officials—Trustees, E. Robley, A. M. Parker, Philip Hooper, J. K. Robley, B. F. Godard. Leader, E. Robley; Assistant Leader, B. F Slates. Steward, J. K. Robley. Superintendent, Sunday-school, B. F. Godard; Secretary, A. M. Parker.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Sash Ribbon at Mrs. Evans'.

—Muffs and Fnr Trimming at Mrs. Evans'.

—Does the result of the election please you?

—Childrens Scarlet Wool Underwear, all sizes, at Mrs. Evans'.

—F. E. Weaver lost a valuable horse last Saturday. Cause, wind colic.

—Mrs. Charles Minsker and family are visiting friends in Perry county.

—G. C. Park last week mooved from Newton Hamilton to Cass township.

—Rev. C. L. Benscoter will preach in the M. E. church next Sunday evening.

—Mrs. Maggie Hall returned home last week from her visit to Jersey Shore.

—The ITEM is under obligations to Charles Minsker for mechanical favors.

—A new schedule will go into effect on the Pennsylvanla Railroad next Sunday.

—Among our callers last week was our staunch friend, J. M. E. Smith, of Trough Creek.

—Mrs. R. M. McCoy visited friends and former neighbors at Duncannon last week.

—For Choice Irish Potatoes at 65 cents per bushel, send to Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—Rev. Benscoter expects to begin a protracted meeting in the M. E. church this evening.

—Rev. W. Cramer will preach in the U. B. Church next Sunday morning at 10.15 o' clock.

—50 cents will buy a shirt and a pair of drawers at A. G. Ewing & Son's, Mount Union, Pa.

—Men's Handsome Dress Overcoats for $8, $10, and $12.50 at A. G. Ewing & Son's, Mount Union, Pa.

—Downs' Elixir will cure any cough or cold, no matter ot how long standing. For sale by Phillips & Son.

—Reuben Rex and two sons, of Irvona, were the guests of the families of his brothers in this place last week.

—The largest hog slaughtered this season about here to date was butchered last Wednesday by Zechariah McDonald. It is said to have weighed 522 pounds.

—J. K. Robley has accepted a clerkship in Phillips & Son's store and entered upon the duties of the position last week.

—W. H. Mounts has erected a large and commodius blacksmith and wagon maker shop on his lot near Church street.

—Mrs. Lizzie Martin and Mrs. Ella Ewing, of Newton Hamilton, spent a day or two last week with friends in Mapleton.

—Ladies', Misses', and Children's Coats and Jackets in big assortment and right prices at A. G. Ewing & Son's, Mount Union, Pa.

—A few days ago, E. Robley had a valuable cow killed by the cars, and last Friday, Anderson Wagner lost his in the same manner.

—The fence around the Odd Fellows' cemetery has been whitewashed and this city of the dead presents a very creditable appearance.

—The work of filling the abutment at the east end of the new bridge was commenced on Monday by the supervisors of Brady township.

—For Silks, Plushes, Saxony and Germantown Yarns, Handsome Ribbons, and Velveteens go to A. G. Ewing & Son's Store, Mount Union, Pa.

—A counterfeit two dollar note is said to be in extensive circulation. It is said to be number B 10,555,174, and bears the portrait of Gen. Hancock.

—Next Saturday the special train bearing the pan-American congressional delegates will pass over the Middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad.

—Mr. and Mrs. Martin Wilson will leave to-morrow morning for Farragut, Lycoming county where they will spend some weeks with their son Rev. S. D. Wilson.

—Dr. J. M. McMonigal, of Omaha, Nebraska, was in town last week. The doctor was located here, but removed to Omaha where he now has a lucrative city practice.

—Mrs. Mary A. Mattern, of Philipsburg, and Mrs. Mattie Heister, of Tyrone, aunt and sister of our townsman, C. W. Mattern, were visitors to Mapleton last week.

—The regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the U B. Church to morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. A full attendance of the members is desired.

—Lucy Furnace was put in blast last Thursday. The fires were lighted by Mrs. Thomas Whitehead. This resumption will be of much benefit to the business men of Moumt Union.

—Do not suppose that because it is recommended for animals that Arnica& Oil Liniment is an offensive preparation. It will not stain clothing or the fairest skin. For sale by Phillips & Son.

— W. A. Parker, a Mapleton boy, who has developed into a first class blacksmith will soon locate in Altoona. J. D. McDonald has moved into the house on Hill street vacated by Mr. Parker.

—A. R. Kiefer, who, for many years has been division operator,or chief electrician of the Middle Division of the Pennsylvania railroad has resigned and is succeeded by H. J. Rose.

—D. M. Cowher will sell at his residence at Jackstown next Saturday one good work horse, harness, wagon, Syracuse plow, shovel plow, cultivator and corn plow, heating stove; three shoats, etc.

—The case of John Bare vs. Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which was tried at the May term of court and a verdict of $5,141.50 given the plaintiff, will be taken to the Supreme Court which meets next April.

—There is no better flour in the market than the "Royal" manufactured by Himes Bros., of this place. It sells at a much lower price than other grades which are not to be compared with it. Give it a trial.

—A single trial of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters will convince any one troubled with costiveness, torpid liver, or any kindred diseases, of their curative properties. They only cost 25 cents per bottle. For sale by Phillips & Son.

—Mount Union is to have another paper. Charles W. Hiney will shortly commence the publication at that place of a four-column folio to be known as the *Inter-Advertiser*. It will be a monthly publication, the subscription price to be 25 cents per year. Charlie has the push and energy to make the venture a success.

—Ladies' Dress Flannels, in Plaid, Stripe, or Plain Colors, and at prices from 25 to 50 cents per yard at Ewing's, Mount Union, Pa.

—James E. Sponeybarger, came up last Friday to participate in the P. O. S. of A. demonstration and remained until the following day spending the day calliag upon his many friends and former neighbors, all of whom were glad to see him.

—A plesaant party of little folks met at the residence of Rev. W. Cramer on Monday evening, it being the anniver. sary of Master Harry's birth. A taffy pull was one of the amusements of the evening and the children enjoyed it immensely.

—Men's, Ladies' and Children's Underwear in all wool red, in white and gray merino and in camel's hair. All sizes from infant's sizes to the largest men's and women's sizes and at right prices at A. G. Ewing & Son's, Mount Union, Pa.

—T, M. Logan doesn't profess to be an expert sportsman but one morning last week he took a jaunt to the woods, returning in a few hours with a pair of nice young wild turkeys. To say that he was much elated with his success is to put the case mildly.

—Never wash the cups, plates, spoons, and knives used in the sick room with those of the family. Scarlet fever and other infectuous diseases have been spread in this way. Do not eat in the sick person's room, or partake of anything that has stood there.

—B. E. Morrison, editor of Newton Hamilton *Watchman* and District President of the P. O. S. of A., for Mifflin county was one of the interested participants at the flag presentation last Friday. Unfortunately "Doc" got away without giving the boys that big speech.

—Alfred Broombaugh is having a substantial two-story house erected on his lot on Railroad street. He expects to have it ready for occupancy in a few days. The house is being built by G. M. Green & Sons, of Cassville, who are making a very good job of their contract.

—A day or two after the commencement of school a little girl threw a piece of slate which struck Master Harvey Fry on the ankle. It was but a slight scratch and he suffered but little inconvenience from it at the time, but last week it inflamed and the lad has been having a serious time with it.

—Washington Camp, No. 346, Pa., P. O. S. of A., of Mount Union, is making extensive preparations for a big demonstration at that place on Thanksgiving, when they will present flags to the public schools of that borough and Shirley township. Among the notables to be present is Hon. James R. Kenney, ex-mayor, of Reading, who is one of the most pleasant speakers we ever had the pleasure of listening to.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have commenced the cut below town by which the curve in the track at Jackstown will be reduced. A side trck running into the garden of the McComb property was laid and Saturday a steam shovel, of the Barnhart patent arrived with which to do the work. Scores of people were attracted to Jackstown on Sunday to see the steam shovel but as it was not yet in runing condition very little was to be seen.

—County Superintendent Brumbaugh and Prof L. S. Shimmell, principal of the Huntingdon schools, are in Boston this week studying the educational system of the "Athens of America." The teachers of Huntingdon county will get the benefit of their observations at the coming institute. Boston received a grand prize in public education at the Paris Exposition. Prof. Brumbaugh leaues no stone unturned, to benefit the schools of Huntingdon county.

—A New Bloomfield dispatch to the Altoona *Tribune* last Monday says: "Saturday was a great day for New Bloomfield. On that day the golden spike was driven in the railroad between this place and Duncannon at 2.30 p. m. by Miss Mary Cromleigh, and an appropriate speech was made by ex-Judge Junkin. Three round trips were made between the two towns bringing a large number of excursionists. The train was in charge of Conductor Elliott and Engineer Charles H. Woods and Fireman Elmer Bigler. Large delegations were present from all parts of the county. On Monday the trains began to run on regular schedule.

—Mrs. Mary Morgan, of Fostoria, Ohio, spent a day last week in Mapleton, the guest of Mrs. W. H. Rex.

—The following concerning our former townsman James G. Spangler is from the Tyrone *Times:* Mr. James Spangler and Mr. John Vogt, had quite an experience on Tuesday evening while out driving near Birmingham, with two young ladies. Spangler's horse became unmanageable and sprung past Vogt's, causing his horse to become scared, and the result was, two badly used up buggies, and all the parties spilled out on the ground. No one was hurt.

Flag Presentation.

Friday evening, November 1st, a number of members of the Patriotic Order Sons of America, representing camps at Huntingdon, Calvin, Mount Union, Newton Hamilton, and Patterson were gathered here in response to the invitations sent out but a few days before by Washington Camp No. 59, of this place, to participate in the parade and flag presentation. Rain had fallen all day Thursday and the greater part of Thursday night, and the streets being very muddy it was thought advisable to annul the parade but neither Marshall Montgomery nor the visitors would consent to such an arrangement. Accordingly, the procession was formed headed by the Mapleton cornet band, and marched over the greater part of the town.

After supper a public meeting was held in the hall where the presentation took place. An abundance of good patriotic music was furnished by a well selected choir. The address of welcome was made by H. A. Thompson. I. N. Swope delivered the presentation address which was responded to for the directors by T. M. Logan. Recitations and addresses were also delivered by W. E. Bitner, J. M. Miller, E. E. Bell and W. A. Crotsley. It was intended that a number of the visiting brethren should be given a place on the programme but nearly all who were willing to talk left on the evening trains.

The occasion was a pleasant one considering that the preparations for the occasion were made in less than a week's time.

OBITUARY.

Andrew J. McMullin.

Andrew J. McMullin, a widely-known citizen of Mapleton died at his residence in this place, a few minutes before midnight, Monday night, November 4, 1889. He was aged about 60 years. Mr. McMullin was a native of Cromwell township, this county. He came to Mapleton when the town was in its infancy. He was a man who took pride in dealing in real estate, and many property-holders of Mapleton will find in their chain of titles a time when their properties were in the hands of Mr. McMullin. He was generally the owner of a one-horse team which did the miscellaneous hauling about town. By exposure he contracted pneumonia, which terminated in consumption, causing his death. For several months he has been confined to the house and his death has been long expected. Mr. McMullin made a profession of religion and died with the full assurance of living again.

The remains will be interred in the cemetery at the U. B. church Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Services will be held in the church, Rev. W. Cramer officiating.

F. Emory B. Houck.

F. Emory B. Houck died at Newburg, this county, on the 29th of October, last, of lung disease, aged 21 years, 4 months, and 6 days. Deceased was the only son of Theodore T. Houck, who buried his wife some 13 months ago, and in July last his eldest daughter, Mrs. John Plummer, leaving but half the family surviving: the father, Mrs. Philip Horton, and his youngest daughter, Lydia.

Deceased, until a few short months ago, was a promising, stout young man, till taken with a hemorrhage of the lungs, which prostrated and soon carried him off. He died rejoicing in the prospect of a better home than earth can give. His remains were interred at Newburg on the 31st, Rev. Adams officiating.

MARRIED.

MILLER—CORBIN—On October 17th, 1889, near Dublin Mills, Fulton county, Pa., by Rev. J. B. Leilich, Mr. Jacob R. Miller and Miss Minnie C. Corbin. The ITEM extends heartiest congratulations, and hopes the young couple may live to enjoy many long years of unalloyed happiness and prosperity.

J. G. GILLAM.

AUTUMN 1889.

We have prepared for a vigorous fall and winter trade and have stocked our store with seasonable goods.

We had intended to quit keeping clothing, but the excellent satisfaction rendered to customers in the past has made it necessary to replenish our stock. We have bought at cash prices and can sell the best goods at very low prices. Call and see the goods.

We have just received another stock of boots and shoes. Our reputation in this line is worth considerable and we shall maintain it if good goods and low prices will do it and we think they will.

Look out for the new stock of latest styles of hats. Also for the big assortment of gloves. These goods will be in in a few days.

We have an excellent assortment of underwear which is open for inspection. Come and see our goods and learn the advantages of buying them.

Respectfully,
J. G. GILLAM.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S FAREWELL SERMON.

Dictating a Sermon to His Many Readers as He Embarks for the Holy Land.

The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, D. D., on his embarkation at New York for the Holy Land, by the steamer City of Paris, addressed his millions of friends through the press, taking for his text Acts xx., 38: "And the accompanied him unto the ship." His sermon is printed below in full:

To the more than twenty-five million people in many countries to whom my sermons come week by week, in English tongue and by translation, through the kindness of the newspaper press, I address these words. I dictate them to a stenographer on the eve of my departure for the Holy Land, Palestine. When you read this sermon I will be mid-Atlantic. I go to be gone a few weeks on a religious journey. I go because I want for myself and hearers and readers to see Bethlehem, and Nazareth, and Jerusalem, and Calvary, and all the other places connected with my Saviour's life and death, and so re-enforce myself for sermons. I go because I am writing the "Life of Christ," and can be more accurate and graphic when I have been an eye witness of the sacred places. Pray for my successful journeying and my safe return.

I wish on the eve of departure to pronounce a loving benediction upon all my friends in high places and low, upon congregations to whom my sermons are read in absence of pastors, upon groups gathered out on the prairies, and in mining districts, upon all sick and invalid and aged ones who cannot attend churches, but to whom I have long administered through the printed page. My next sermon will be addressed to you from Rome, Italy, for I feel like Paul when he said: "So, as much as in me is, I am ready to preach the Gospel to you that are at Rome also." The fact is that Paul was ever moving about on land or sea. He was an old sailor—not from occupation, but from frequency of travel. I think he could have taken a vessel across the Mediterranean as well as some of the ship captains. The sailors never scoffed at him for being a "land lubber." If Paul's advice had been taken, the crew would never have gone ashore at Melita.

When the vessel went scudding under bare poles Paul was the only self-possessed man on board, and, turning to the excited crew and despairing passengers, he exclaims, in a voice that sounds above the thunder of the tempest and the wrath of the sea: "Be of good cheer."

The men who now go to sea with maps, and charts, and modern compass, warned by buoy and lighthouse, know nothing of the perils of ancient navigation. Horace said that the man who first ventured on the sea must have had a heart bound with oak and triple brass. People then ventured only from headland to headland, and from island to island, and not until long after spread their sail for a voyage across the sea. Before starting, the weather was watched, and the vessel having been hauled up on the shore, the mariners placed their shoulders against the stern of the ship and heaved it off—they, at the last moment, leaping into it.

Vessels were then chiefly ships of burden—the transit of passengers being the exception; for the world was not then migratory, as in our day, when the first desire of a man in one place seems to be to get into another place. The ship from which Jonah was thrown overboard, and in which Paul was carried prisoner, went out chiefly with the idea of taking a cargo. As now, so then, vessels were accustomed to carry a flag. In those times it was inscribed with the name of a heathen deity. A vessel bound for Syracuse had on it the inscription, "Castor and Pollux." The ships were provided with anchors. Anchors were of two kinds—those that were dropped into the sea, and those that were thrown up on to the rocks to hold the vessel fast. This last kind was what Paul alluded to when he said: "Which hope we have as an anchor of the soul, both sure and steadfast, and which entereth into that within the vail." That was what the sailors call a "hook anchor." The rocks and sand bars, shoals and headlands not being mapped out, vessels carried a plumb line. They would drop it and find the water fifty fathoms, and drop it again and find it forty fathoms, and drop it again and find it thirty fathoms, thus discovering their near approach to the shore.

In the spring, summer and autumn the Mediterranean Sea was white with the wings of ships, but at the first wintry blast they hied themselves to the nearest harbor; although now the world's commerce prospers in January as well as in June, and in midwinter all over the wide and stormy deep there float palaces of light, trampling the billows under foot and showering the sparks of terrible furnaces on the wild wind; and the Christian passenger, tippeted and shawled, sits under the shelter of the smokestack, looking off upon the phosphorescent deep, on which is written in scrolls of foam and fire: "Thy way, O God, is in the sea, and Thy path in the great waters!"

It is in those days of early navigation that I see a group of men, women and children on the beach of the Mediterranean. Paul is about to leave the congregation to whom he had preached, and they are come down to see him off. It is a solemn thing to part. There are so many traps that wait for a man's feet. The solid ground may break through, and the sea—how many dark mysteries it hides in its bosom! A few counsels, a hasty good-by, a last look, and the ropes untie, and the sails are hoisted, and the planks are hauled in, and Paul is gone. I expect to sail over some of the same waters over which Paul sailed, but before going I want to urge you all to embark for heaven.

The church is the dry dock where souls are to be fitted out for heaven. In making a vessel for this voyage, the first need is sound the timber. The floor timbers ought to be of solid stuff. For the want of it, vessels that looked able to run their jibbooms into the eye of any tempest, when caught in a storm have been crushed like a wafer. The truths of God's Word are what I mean by floor timbers. Away with your lighter materials. Nothing but oaks, hewn in the forest of divine truth, are stanch enough for this craft.

You must have love for a helm, to guide and turn the craft. Neither pride, nor ambition, nor avarice will do for a rudder. Love, not only in the heart, but flashing in the eye and tingling in the hand—love married to work, which many look upon as so homely a bride—love, not like brooks which foam and rattle yet do nothing, but love like a river that runs up the steps of mill wheels and works in the harness of factory bands—love that will not pass by on the other side, but visits the man who fell among thieves near Jericho, not merely saying: "Poor fellow! you are dreadfully hurt," but, like the good Samaritan, pours in oil and wine and pays his board at the tavern. There must also be a prow, arranged to cut and override the billow. That is Christian perseverance.

There are three mountain surges that sometimes dash against a soul in a minute—the world, the flesh and the devil—and that is a well built prow that can bound over them. For lack of this, many have put back and never started again. It is the broadside wave that so often sweeps the deck and fills the hatches; but that which strikes in front is harmless. Meet troubles courageously and you surmount them. Stand on the prow; and, as you wipe off the spray of the split surge, cry out with the apostle: "None of these things move me." Let all your fears stay aft. The right must conquer. Know that Moses, in the ark of bulrushes, can run down a war steamer.

Have a good, strong anchor. "Which hope we have as an anchor." By this strong cable and windlass, hold on to your anchor. "If any man sin, we have an advocate with the Father." Do not use the anchor wrongfully. Do not always stay in the same latitude and longitude. You will never ride up the harbor of Eternal Rest if you all the way drag your anchor.

But you must have sails. Vessels are not fit for the sea until they have the flying jib, the foresail, topgallant, the skysail, the gaff-sail and other canvas. Faith is our canvas. Hoist it and the winds of heaven will drive you ahead. Sails made out of any other canvas than faith will be slit to tatters by the first northeaster. Strong faith never lost a battle. It will crush foes, blast rocks, quench lightnings, thresh mountains. It is a shield to the warrior, a crank to the most ponderous wheel, a lever to pry up pyramids, a drum whose beat gives strength to the step of the heavenly soldiery, and sails to waft ships laden with priceless pearls from the harbor of earth to the harbor of heaven.

But you are not yet equipped. You must have what seamen call the running rigging. This comprises the ship's braces, halliards, clew lines and such like. Without these the yards could not be braced, the sails lifted nor the canvas in anywise managed. We have prayer for the running rigging. Unless you understand this tackling you are not a spiritual seaman. By pulling on these ropes you hoist the sails of faith and turn them every whither. The prow of courage will not cut the wave, nor the sail of faith spread and flap its wing, unless you have strong prayer for a halliard.

One more arrangement and you will be ready for the sea. You must have a compass—which is the Bible. Look at it every day, and always sail by it, as its needle points toward the Star of Bethlehem. Through fog and darkness and storm it works faithfully. Search the Scriptures. "Box the compass."

Let me give you two or three rules for the voyage. Allow your appetites and passions only an under deck passage. Do not allow them ever to come up on the promenade deck. Mortify your members which are upon the earth. Never allow your lower nature anything better than a steerage passage. Let watchfulness walk the decks as an armed sentinel, and shoot down with great promptness anything like a mutiny of riotous appetites.

Be sure to look out of the forecastle for icebergs. These are cold Christians floating about in the church. The frigid zone professors will sink you. Steer clear of icebergs. Keep a log-book during all the voyage—an account of how many furlongs you make a day. The merchant keeps a day book as well as a ledger. You ought to know every night as well as every year, how things are going. When the express train stops at the depot you hear a hammer sounding on all the wheels, thus testing the safety of the rail train. Bound, as we are, with more than express speed toward a great eternity, ought we not often to try the work of self-examination?

Be sure to keep your colors up! You know the ships of England, Russia, France and Spain by the ensigns they carry. Sometimes it is a lion, sometimes an eagle, sometimes a star, sometimes a crown. Let it ever be known who you are, and for what port you are bound. Let "Christian" be written on the very front, with a figure of a cross, a crown and a dove; and from the masthead let float the streamers of Immanuel. Then the pirate vessels of temptation will pass you unharmed as they say: "There goes a Christian, bound for the port of heaven. We will not disturb her, for she has too many guns aboard." Run up your flag on this pulley: "I am not ashamed of the Gospel of Christ, for it is the power of God and the wisdom of God unto salvation." When driven back, or laboring under great stress of weather—now changing from starboard tack to larboard, and then from larboard to starboard—look above the topgallants, and your heart shall beat like a war drum as the streamers float on the wind. The sign of the cross will make you patient, and the crown will make you glad.

Before you gain port you will smell the land breezes of heaven; and Christ, the Pilot, will meet you as you come into the Narrows of Death, and fasten to you, and say: "When thou passest through the waters, I will be with thee; and through the rivers, they shall not overflow thee." Are you ready for such a voyage? Make up your minds. The gangplanks are lifting. The bell rings. All aboard for heaven! The world is not your rest. The chaffinch is the silliest bird in all the earth for trying to make its nest on the rocking billow. Oh, how I wish that as I embark for the Holy Land in the East, all to whom I preach by tongue or type would embark for heaven. What you all most need is God, and you need Him now. Some of you I leave in trouble. Things are going very rough with you. You have had a hard struggle with poverty, or sickness or persecution or bereavement. Light after light has gone out and it is so dark that you can hardly see any blessing left. May that Jesus, who comforted the widow of Nain, and raised the deceased to life, with His gentle hand of sympathy wipe away your tears. All is well.

When David was fleeing through the wilderness, pursued by his son, he was being prepared to become the sweet singer of Israel. The pit and the dungeon were the best schools at which Joseph ever graduated. The hurricane that upset the tent and killed Job's children prepared the man of Uz to write the magnificent poem that has astounded the ages. There is no way to get the wheat out of the straw but to thresh it. There is no way to purify the gold but to burn it. Look at the people who have always had it their own way. They are proud, discontented, useless and unhappy. If you want to find cheerful folks, go among those who have been purified by the fire. After Rossini had rendered "William Tell" the five hundredth time, a company of musicians came under his window in Paris and serenaded him. They put upon his brow a golden crown of laurel leaves. But amidst all the applause and enthusiasm Rossini turned to a friend and said: "I would give all this brilliant scene for a few days of youth and love." Contrast the melancholy feeling of Rossini, who had everything that this world could give him, to the joyful experience of Isaac Watts, whose misfortunes were innumerable, when he says:

> The hill of Zion yields
> A thousand sacred sweets,
> Before we reach the heavenly fields
> Or walk the golden streets.
>
> Then let our songs abound,
> And every tear be dry;
> We're marching through Immanuel's ground
> To fairer worlds on high.

It is prosperity that kills and trouble that saves. While the Israelites were on the march, amidst great privations and hardships, they behaved well. After a while, they prayed for meat, and the sky darkened with a large flock of quails, and these quails fell in great multitudes all about them; and the Israelites ate and ate, and stuffed themselves until they died. Oh! my friends, it is not hardship, or trial, or starvation that injures the soul, but abundant supply. It is not the vulture of trouble that eats up the Christian's life; it is the quails! it is the quails!

I cannot leave you until once more I confess my faith in the Saviour whom I have preached. He is my all in all. I owe more to the grace of God than most men. With this ardent temperament, if I had gone overboard I would have gone to the very depths. You know I can do nothing by halves.

> O to grace how great a debtor
> Daily I'm constrained to be!

I think all will be well. Do not be worried about me. I know that my Redeemer liveth, and if any fatality should befall me, I think I should go straight. I have been most unworthy, and would be sorry to think that any one of my friends had been as unworthy a Christian as myself. But God has helped a great many through, and I hope He will help me through. It is a long account of shortcomings, but if He is going to rub any of it out, I think He will rub it all out.

And now give us (for I go not alone) your benediction. When you send letters to a friend in a distant land, you say via such a city, or via such a steamer. When you send you good wishes to us, send them via the throne of God. We shall not travel out of the reach of your prayers.

> There is a scene where spirits dwell,
> Where friend holds intercourse with friend;
> Though sundered far, by faith we meet
> Around one common mercy seat.

And now, may the blessing of God come down upon your bodies and upon your souls, your fathers and mothers, your companions, your children, your brothers and sisters, and your friends! May you be blessed in your business and in your pleasures, in your joys and in your sorrows, in the house and by the way! And if, during our separation, an arrow from the unseen world should strike any of us, may it only hasten on the raptures that God has prepared for those who love Him! I utter not the word farewell; it is too sad, too formal a word for me to speak or write. But, considering that I have your hand tightly clasped in both of mine, I utter a kind, an affectionate and a cheerful good-by!

A WELL-KNOWN woman of Racine, Wis., recently underwent two surgical operations with peculiar result. She has been troubled with severe pains in her left arm and right leg for a long time, and treatments by various physicians afforded her no relief, Some days ago she consulted Dr. Senn, of Milwaukee, who opened her arm. He discovered a needle imbedded in the tissues and muscles of the arm, which he removed. The operation afforded the patient temporary relief, but pains continued in the right leg. Dr. Senn was again called and operated on the leg, finding a second needle imbedded in the tissue of that limb. The doctor says the case is a peculiar one, especially so as the patient cannot imagine when or how the needles entered her body.

SHOPKEEPERS and mechanics have long complained that they experience more difficulty in collecting bills contracted by persons of apparent wealth than they do from any other class of people. Sometimes a tradesman or an artisan has to wait a year or more for the money that is his honest due, simply because his debtor is living beyond his means, and is keeping up a magnificent establishment, when he should retrench so that his expenses may fall within the limits of his income. The result of this extravagance is felt more or less by every one in business; for if the man of large resources will not settle his bills, the man of small ones certainly cannot.

IT is said that when Captain Cook discovered Australia he saw some of the natives on the shore with a dead animal of some sort in their possession, and sent sailors in a little boat to buy it of them. When it came on board he saw it was something quite new, so he sent the sailors back to inquire its name. The sailors asked, but not being able to make the natives understand, received the answer, "I don't know," or in the Australian language, "Kan-ga-roo." The sailors supposed this was the name of the animal, and so reported it. Thus the name of the curious animal is the "I-don't-know."

SAYS W. W. Davis, of Richmond, Va.: "I have a violin which is associated with the early history of Virginia. It is one of four violins connected with the early history of this section of the country. It is marked: 'Nicolaus Amati fecit, Cremoni, 1651.' This violin was brought to this country by Robert Bolling, the husband of Jane Rolfe, the granddaughter of Pocahontas, who was the daughter of the mighty Indian King Powhatan, of Virginia. The violin is of superior tone, volume and finish, and has been used by many prominent performers during the past century."

THE physicians of a lunatic asylum have found a new use for rabbits. A number of these little creatures have been turned loose onto the fields adjoining the institution, so that the inmates will be amused by seeing the rabbits run about, and to divert the minds of the patients is one of the great objects of the asylum.

A FEW days ago a lady who left Lincoln, Ill., for a short journey had her purse and ticket stolen as she got on the car, and the conductor dropped her on the track between stations because she couldn't raise 30 cents. There were twenty-two men in the coach, and not one offered her the insignificant amount.

SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 10.

Lesson Text: "David's Grief for Absalom," II Samuel xviii., 18-33—Golden Text: Prov. xvii., 25 — Commentary.

David, hearing of Absalom's rebellion, took his servants, and followed by six hundred faithful Philistines under Ittai the Gittite, fled from Jerusalem. Zadok and Abiathar also, with the Levites bearing the ark, went with him, but David sent back the ark, saying that if God delighted in him He would bring him back to his city and throne. Hushai, the archite, David's friend, was also sent back, in order that, perchance, he might be used of God to defeat the counsel of Ahithophel, who had turned traitor to David and become Absalom's counselor. It turned out as David had trusted it would; Absalom accepted the advice of Hushai rather than that of Ahithophel, and Hushai sent word to David which led him and all who were with him to cross over Jordan to the other side, and they came to Mahanaim, a Levitical city of God, where long before the angels of God met Jacob (Gen. xxxii., 2). Absalom and his army also crossed the Jordan, and then follows the record of the conflict, and the death of Absalom at the hands of Joab as he hung by his head in an oak. The verse immediately preceding the one which begins our lesson says: "They took Absalom and cast him into a great pit in the wood, and laid a very great heap of stones upon him." Thus perished beautiful Absalom.

18. "Absalom's monument." This is the R. V. translation instead of "Absalom's place." Here is the record of something this wicked, willful, wayward son has done in his lifetime that his name might be perpetuated.

In Absalom's life everything was for Absalom, and his name, and his pleasure; it might be said of him as of Belshazzar, "The God in whose hand thy breath is, and whose are all thy ways, hast thou not glorified." (Dan. v., 23.) The life of a Christian is to deny self and please God, magnifying His name; unto such He says: "I will give in Mine house, and within My walls, a place and a name better than of sons and of daughters; I will give them an everlasting name that shall not be cut off."

19, 20. "Then said Ahimaaz the son of Zadok: Let me now run and bear the King tidings." This was the son of Zadok the priest, and he had already endangered his life for David when he and Jonathan, son of Abiathar, brought word from Hushai to David that he should flee across the Jordan (chap. xvii.); now he is anxious to convey to David what he thought would be glad tidings for him, but Joab will not consent.

"Then said Joab to Cushi: Go tell the King what thou hast seen." We do not know anything more about this man than is here recorded, nor why Joab sent him instead of Ahimaaz, unless the reason is found in the words "what thou hast seen." His name signifies "black," and he may have been a personal attendant upon Joab, and seems to have witnessed the killing of Absalom.

22, 23. "Then Ahimaaz ran by the way of the plain and overran Cushi." This "powerful brother," for such is the significance of his name, was so eager to bear tidings that he again pleaded with Joab to let him run after Cushi, and Joab finally consented. He was so swift of foot that he outran Cushi and got to David first. This reminds us of that other disciple who outran Peter and came first to the sepulcher (John xx., 4).

24. "And David sat between the two gates, and the watchman went up to the roof over the gate." We now pass from the battle field with its twenty thousand slain (verse 7), and the monument which Absalom did not build for himself (the heap of stones), to behold David as he receives the tidings from the messengers Ahimaaz and Cushi.

25, 26. "And the watchmen cried and told the King." He sees first the one and then the other running alone, and he reports each to the King as he comes in sight, and now we may fancy the anxiety of the King's trembling heart till he hears the tidings. We are reminded somewhat of Eli as he sat in the gate waiting to hear tidings of the battle, his heart trembling for the Ark of God (I Sam. iv., 13), but Eli seems to have been nearer to God than David, for Eli trembled for the Ark, not for his sons, while David's only anxiety was his son.

27, 28. "All is well." This was the shout of Ahimaaz, as he drew near to the King with the tidings that the King's enemies were overcome. The watchman recognized Ahimaaz by his running, before he came near enough to be seen as to his features. Some of us want to do things just like other people, but Scripture teaches us that God takes a man as he is, and works through one in one way and another in another way and all equally for His glory. Let us see Jesus only, and yielding fully to Him, let Him work in and through us by His spirit as He pleases.

29, 30. "And the King said: Is the young man Absalom safe?" Ahimaaz had cried: "It is well," but the King replies: "It is well with Absalom?" He seemed to have no heart for any but this wicked son. It is a wonderful picture of human love.

31. "And Cushi said: Tidings, my Lord the King; for the Lord have avenged thee this day of all them that rose up against thee." Thus from the mouth of two witnesses the fact is established that the enemies of the King are defeated.

32. "The enemies of my Lord the King be as that young man is." Still unaffected by the good tidings of the defeat of the enemy the King again asks: "Is the young man Absalom safe?" and receives his reply in these not doubtful words, which declare that Absalom is dead. The thing which he feared has come upon him, and now in his heart shown forth, and it is proved that wicked Absalom is more to him than his faithful soldiers or captains or all his people.

33. "O my son Absalom! my son, my son Absalom! would God I had died for thee, O Absalom my son, my son." Perhaps there are no more pathetic words in all Scripture than these, but there are various ways of looking at them. Absalom appears to be indeed a lost soul, passing out into the blackness of darkness forever, and well might David wish to have died in his stead, for he was ready to meet God and Absalom was not; but then God was overruling all this (xvii., 14), and He is infinitely wise and good. David was in this grief for Absalom, honoring him more than God (I Sam. ii., 29); and while his great love is commendable, his idolatry is not. Let those who foolishly say, "I do not want to go to Heaven if my wife, my husband, my son, my daughter, my brother or my sister is not there," consider well these words of our Lord Jesus Christ: "If any man come to Me, and hath not his father and mother, and wife and children, and brethren and sisters, yea, his own life also, he cannot be My disciple." (Luke xiv., 26.)—*Lesson Helper.*

JULIAN STERLING, of Bridgeport, Conn., lately had his eyeball removed by a doctor to get at a cinder, and while it lay on his cheek, insensate to pain from cocaine, he could see his ear with it.

Hands.

Two dimpled hands
Outstretched in glee,
As pink and as white
As shells of the sea!
Oh, softly caress them
And well, for I wish
That such tiny hands
Were made to kiss!

Two slender hands
All dazzling with gems—
As soft and as white
As lilies on their stems,
O, lovingly clasp them
And kiss—for I ween
That such dainty hands
Thou never hast seen.

Two toil-worn hands
On a pulseless breast
So hard and so brown—
Tired hands now at rest;
O, reverently fold them,
For she's gone to stay
Where the weary old hands
Are at rest for aye.

—*Augusta Wall in Atlanta Constitution.*

HUMOROUS.

The path of duty—Through the custom house.

Speaking about "cotton bagging" is it at the knees.

When a mustard plaster sets up in business it generally has the drawing room all to itself.

The world may owe you a living, but no bad debt agency will undertake to collect it for you.

She—And will you always love me? All the live-long day? He—Ye-e-s, I think so. You'll give me a chance to stop for meals, I suppose?

Editor—"I cannot think and use the type-writer at the same time." Rival Editor—"Then you find the type-writer no better than the pen."

Mrs. Smithington—Oh! Mr. Tibkin, you are always so kind in coming to see me off. Little Tibkin—Not at all; it is always such a pleasure.

"Healthy in our town? I should think so! We have had only one funeral for ten years, and that was the doctor, who literally starved to death."

Johnkin—I hear you belong to an accident insurance society? Tomkin—Yes, I joined over six months ago, and deuce take it, I havn't got hurt yet.

The man who tries to study out a knitting work pattern in the household magazine knows about how a woman feels when she is trying to understand a printed base ball score.

There are no less than **857** different terms in the English language which express the state of being in love, and the sweet young authoress of the glowing society novel utilizes them all.

"Take her, my son, and be happy," said the fond father, with a paternal smile. "Oh, yes, I'll take her," said the overjoyed, but philosophical young man, "and I've no doubt," he added with a sigh, "that we shall be happy—for a while."

Houses Used as Fuel.

The people of Central and Northern Iowa will long remember the horrible winter of 1872-73, when there was such dire suffering among them from the unprecedented cold. I was in that country then, and I have a very vivid recollection of the rigors of that season. I was living at the town of Adel, Dallas County. The country is railroaded now, and it will never be possible for such scenes to be witnessed there again. Those days there were no railroads, passenger transportation being by stage. During the winter the cold was so severe that quite a number of stage drivers were frozen to death. In Adel there was a famine of fuel, and it became a serious question what the people would do. After all the coal and wood was gone resort was had to corn in the ear, which cost seven cents a bushel. It looked sinful to me to see such a valuable food product blazing in the fires, but there was no help for it. Coon River, whence wood was usually brought to Adel, was forty miles away, and the trip was out of the question in the prevailing temperature. Pretty soon, however, another difficulty arose. The corn was gone. Then in their extremity the people began burning their houses. This was done by lot. For instance, my next neighbor and I drew lots to see whose house should be burned. He lost, and so we dismantled his house for fuel, while he and his family moved into my house with me. If I had lost the rule would have worked the other way. I don't want any more Iowa weather. Missouri is good enough and amply cold for me.—*Philadelphia Record.*

A SALMON WHEEL.

A Contrivance Which Catches Fish at Great Speed.

A Half Million Salmon Canned Every Year.

"The thing that amazed me most on the Pacific coast," said a New Yorker recently returned from a trip to that side of the continent, "was the Oregon salmon fisheries. Think of 4000 men doing nothing for several months in the year but catching, cleaning and canning salmon, and you may grasp some little idea of the stupendous character of these fisheries. And that army of men is employed about the mouth of the Columbia river alone. Since the building of the Northern Pacific railroad fisheries have been established 300 miles from the mouth of the river. Passengers on that railroad in the fishing season may see the novel wheel fisheries operating at many places on the river. The way those wheels take the salmon from the water, it seems astounding that there are any fish left to furnish material for another season's fishing. I visited one of these wheel fisheries near Dallas City.

"Imagine a wheel 40 feet in diameter and eight feet across the face, resembling an immense water wheel. Instead of paddles, this wheel is fitted with three buckets, made of coarse and strong wire screening. The wheel is fastened to a shaft, to which is attached machinery that lowers and raises it at the will of the operator. The buckets are so constructed that anything that enters them is thrown toward the centre of the wheel and to one side, where there is an opening above the water line that leads to a large tank. The buckets open down stream. When in operation the wheel is lowered six feet into the river, up which the salmon are making their way in untold numbers. The force of the water revolves the wheel, the average revolutions being five per minute. As it turns the buckets scoop up the salmon, which are forced back and out of the opening in the side of the wheel into the receiving tank. Each bucket, when the fish are running lively, will turn into the tank an average of five salmon at every delivery, and each bucket will make 15 deliveries a minute. One wheel may safely be calculated to run into the tank 75 salmon a minute, or 225 a minute for the three. A little calculation will show the enormous quantity of salmon one of these wheels will take out of the river in the course of a day, providing it is kept running all day, and some wheels run on pretty steady time all through the season. As there are a good many of them in operation, the number of salmon they take out of the Columbia River every year is almost incalculable.

There is very little labor or expense connected with the running of one of these wheels, all the labor consisting in taking the fish from the receiving tank and running them in a car from the tank to the dressing tables. Once in a while an immense sturgeon will be dipped up by the buckets and turned into the tanks. A picturesque sight along the river are the Indian fishermen who stand at the rapids and with long-handled dip nets dip the salmon from the swift water. These Indians catch immense numbers of salmon which are immediately dressed by their squaws and delivered to the canning establishments or to parties who salt them or freeze them for shipping east. In ten minutes after a salmon comes from the cold water of the Columbia river it is on its bed of chopped ice ready to seek the New York market. The three leading varieties of Columbia river salmon are the chinooks, which are the largest and best, and the blue blacks and stub heads.

"The fisheries at the mouth of the Columbia River are gill-net fisheries. The nets are from 300 to 1500 feet long and 18 feet deep. Two men will manage a net, big or little. Gill-net fishing requires much daring and perseverance on the part of the fishermen, as the water at the mouth of the Columbia is rough and dangerous. The nets are hauled in hand over hand into a boat, the salmon being removed as the net comes in. These fish are utilized almost entirely by the canning establishments there, the extensive buildings of which are situated at convenient points along the river. These establishments use between 400,000 and 500,000 salmon a year."

The Bottle Tree.

Among the singular and rare plants of the world is the Australian bottle tree, an indigenous tree of a limited portion of tropical Queensland, and found nowhere else in Australia or on the globe. The native habitat of this peculiar specimen of vegetation is on the eastern coast range of mountains within the parallels of 18 and 21 degrees of south latitude. The soil on which it grows is dry, the areas are level to a limited extent, and elevated above sea level over 1000 feet.

This tree takes its name from the shape of its trunk, which is wonderfully like the outlines of a giant bottle of the common order. The thick part of the trunk from the ground upward is from fifty to sixty feet high, from thirty to forty feet in circumference, and quite straight up to where the neck tapers to the spreading foliage above all. The bark of the tree is about three feet thick, of a brown color and of cork-like consistency. The foliage, which is very graceful, spreads from the top of the tree, and the branches have their base in the top of the "neck." The leaves are similar in size and shape to those of a cherry tree, but their color and consistency are much lighter. The spread of the branches and foliage form a regular shaped dome of about forty feet in diameter and of moderate density, giving ample shade from the rays of the sun.

Those bottle trees grow in grooves from ten to thirty in each, and are not less than 100 feet apart from each other, although other trees intervene in places. There is generally good pasturage and very little undergrowth of bushes where bottle trees grow. Their appearance on the landscape is very striking and unique, but there is a quaint beauty in the tout ensemble, nevertheless; and the tree, although strange, is rather handsome in the spread of its foliage. Even the elephantic appearance of the trunk is not unhandsome when the eye becomes accustomed to its shape.—*Hawaiian Gazette.*

A Martyr to Enterprise.

Those who are fond of seeing the magnificent photographic views of mountain heights which are now on exhibition in the picture shops do not realize the daring that is required to procure them. One of the boldest of these mountain photographers was Mr. Donkin. His views of the Alps are famous, and he set out a year ago to duplicate his achievements with the camera in the monarchs of the Caucasus. In ascending Mount Dychtan, however, the adventurous photographer fell a martyr to his enterprise. For a long time it was known that he had been killed, but the manner of his death was in doubt and there were painful rumors current that he had been slain by the natives. But to ascertain the facts a party led by Mr. Dent, the president of the British Alpine Club, climbed Mount Dychtan to search for evidence. They found the photographic outfit of the unfortunate man at the brink of a precipice under such circumstances as to leave no doubt that he and his companions had slipped over the edge and been instantly killed.—*New York Sun.*

New York's Italian Colony.

Not a few of the Italians who have been pouring into New York within recent years have already reached a fair state of prosperity. At least three-quarters of them all begin life here as laborers, but many of these laborers are of very economical habits, and save a small proportion of their daily wages. Then they strive to get into some other line of work or take hold of some kind of small business. There are now hundreds of shops in the city kept by Italians who landed here penniless, and who have ways of attracting trade that are not possessed by many of the immigrants from other countries. Italians hold meetings from time to time, and the appearance of the people who are to be seen at them gives evidence of the fact that they have found New York to be a place in which they can improve their condition in life.—*New York Sun.*

A Deaf and Dumb Cow.

Evidence exists that deaf mutes are not confined to the human race. In a farmer's herd for 12 years was a cow which never gave any signs of hearing, and the evident attempts of which at lowing had only resulted in a feeble guttural. Nothing abnormal could be discovered in the ears or the vocal organs.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

Mr. Duthie, botanical director for northern India, advocates the use of the flowers of the Calligonum for food in northwestern India.

In a recent report on magnetic rock among the hills of Upper Burmah, Dr. Noetling describes a mountain or hill at Singaung, which consists of a huge mass of iron ore.

More than 1000 peaks in the Himalayas have been found by measurement to exceed 20,000 feet in height, and it is estimated that at least 2000 reach this altitude. In the Alps there are two peaks more than 15,000 feet high, and six or seven over 14,000 feet.

The new piano invented by Dr. Eisemann of Berlin can, by the aid of electro-magnetism, sustain, increase or diminish sound; another and valuable novelty in its construction is that by moving the electro-magnets the timbre of the tone is changed, as, for example, from that of a violoncello to piccolo.

Pita, the new remedy for hydrophobia recently discovered in Spain, seems to be a name given to the flower stalk of the aloe, a plant common in some parts of Spain. The story goes that its virtues were discovered accidentally by a man in a fit of hydrophobia falling upon an aloe plant and unconsciously biting the stem.

The noiseless powder is not a new invention. In the third volume of Benvenuto Cellini's autobiography the author relates that when suffering from fever in Ferrara he cured himself by eating peacocks, and that he procured himself the birds surreptitiously by shooting them with powder "invented by him, that made no noise."

Carbolic acid is now much less used in surgery than formerly. Surgeons have only gradually become acquainted with its dangers. The acid may not only cause inflamation and gangrene, but also blood poisoning, and so may even prove fatal. It is useful only in the hands of a skillful surgeon, and ought never to be used without his advice. The best lotion for recent injuries is the ordinary lead lotion, which can be bought at any chemist's.

That the eastern half of our continent is slowly foundering in the Atlantic is a fact well known to science. The rate is slow—a few inches in a hundred years—but, like Mercutio's wound it is "enough." It effects do not come insensibly—like a thief in the night—each generation amply able to take care of itself by means of which it is unconscious; they are felt at long intervals in storms whose devastations are greater and extend farther inland than any previously experienced.

In France when a patient is under chloroform, on the slightest symptom appearing of failure of the heart they turn him nearly upside down, that is, with his head downward and his heels in the air. This, they say, always restores him, and such is their faith in the efficiency of this method that the operating tables in the Paris hospitals are made so that in an instant they can be elevated with one end in the air, so as to bring the patient into a position resembling that of standing on his head.

He Took it Away.

He rang the door-bell of a house on Second avenue and then sat down. In a minute he rose up and rang again. Then he waited a spell and rang for the third time. Soon thereafter the lady of the house, betraying a dozen proofs of sick headache, opened the door and demanded:

"Are you trying to pull the house down?"

"No, ma'am," he answered. "Have you the 'Lives of Plutarch?'"

"No, sir, but if I was a man I'd have yours in about a minute."

"Eh—ha! I see, madam. I guess I'd better go."

And he took the "Lives of Plutarch" under his arm, and his own in his hand, and backed down the step and out of the gate and went off with the air of a man who wished he hadn't.—*Detroit Free Press.*

An Inexperienced Practitioner.

Old Doctor: How are you coming on with your first case?

Young Doctor: Well, I haven't got the invalid out of his bed yet.

"Not out of his bed yet! Great Esculapius! Why, man, you ought to have had him in his grave by this time."—*Time.*

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

THE SUNBEAMS.

"Now, what shall I send to the Earth today?"
Said the great round golden Sun.
"Oh! let us go down there to work and play,"
Said the Sunbeams, every one.

So down to the Earth in a shining crowd
Went the merry, busy crew;
They painted with splendor each floating cloud
And the sky as they passed through.

'Shine on, little stars, if you like," they cried,
"We will weave a golden screen
That soon all your twinkling and light shall hide
Though the moon may peep between.'

The Sunbeams then in through the windows crept
To the children in their beds—
They poked at the eyelids of those who slept
Gilded all their little heads.

'Wake up, little children," they cried in glee,
"And from Dreamland come away!
We've brought you a present, wake up and see!
We have brought a sunny day!"

The Kindergarten

QUEER PLAYFELLOWS.

It is generally supposed that dogs and cats are natural enemies, but if taught not to regard each other in that light, they will generally be found, when living in the same house, to be very good friends. A half-grown coach-dog, and a kitten a few months old, living together in Brooklyn, N. Y., have as much fun with each other as if both were dogs, or cats. It is amusing to see how both enjoy the play, while yet each frolics in its own way.

The moment the kitten comes into the room, the dog makes a bound for her as if he would eat her. Puss throws herself on her back, all four paws ready for use,—showing at once that she receives him as a friend.

The dog seizes her by the throat, shakes her as he would an old shoe, and drags her around the room, growling as if he were engaged in the most serious fight. Puss shows her teeth, lays back her ears, and apparently she, too, is serious in resenting his treatment. But there are her four paws with their full supply of needle-points, which she does not use. She boxes his ears now and then, and pushes against his body, but her claws are sheathed.

Soon the dog drops her throat, snatches at an ear, a leg or the tail, and drags her around and around, until she thinks she has enjoyed his rough dog-play long enough, and then she instantly puts an end the fun by a little—a very little—scratch across the nose. Instantly the dog drops her, and runs whining to his mistress, while the kitten rises and walks off with the calmness and dignity of an old cat. But he's ready to begin again the next minute; and so in fact is she.—*Youth's Companion.*

PLEASANT PEOPLE.

Says Mr. Thackeray about that nice boy, Clive Newcome, "I don't know that Clive was especially brilliant, but he was pleasant." Occasionally we meet people to whom it seems to come natural to be pleasant; such are as welcome wherever they go as flowers in May, and the most charming thing about them is that they help to make other people pleasant, too.

The other morning we were in the midst of a three days' rain. The fire smoked, the dining room was chilly, and when we assembled for breakfast papa looked rather grim and mamma tired, for the baby had been restless all night. Polly was plainly inclined to fretfulness and Bridget was undeniably cross, when Jack came in with the breakfast rolls from the baker's. He had taken off his rubber coat and boots in the entry, and he came in rosy and smiling.

"Here's the paper, sir," said he to his father with such a cheerful tone that his father's brow relaxed and he said: "Ah, Jack, thank you," quite pleasantly.

His mother looked up at him smiling and he just touched her cheek gently as he passed.

He gave the fire a poke and opened a damper. The smoke ceased and presently the coals began to glow, and five minutes after Jack had come in we had gathered around the table and were eating our oatmeal as cheerily as possible. This seems very simple in the telling. And Jack never knew he had done anything at all, but he had, in fact, changed the whole moral atmosphere of the room, and he started a gloomy day pleasantly for five people.—*Canada Presbyterian.*

A WRECK IN MID AIR.

Workmen Killed and Injured by a Peculiar Accident.

A Car Load of Granite Falls With Shocking Results.

The great cable used for transporting granite blocks overhead across a gulch at the Sodom Dam on the new Croton Aqueduct in New York broke under the strain of a heavy load. The accident occurred over the heads of a gang of thirty or forty Italian laborers, and the terrified men were in flight when the great mass of stone and iron was descending to the ground. Two, however, were caught and crushed to death, their remains being unrecognizable as human bodies, and six of their companions were injured, some fatally, by flying pieces of granite and wood.

The Sodom Dam is about two miles out of Brewsters, in the village of Sodom. It is designed to be a storage reservoir for New York city, and the water is to cover 1500 acres—by far the largest reservoir in that section of the country. The valley in which the dam is situated is bounded on each side by lofty hills. The dam is to be of granite, 125 feet in height, sixty feet wide at the top and 150 feet wide at the bottom.

Across the valley immediately above the stone work was stretched the cable of wire, four inches in diameter. It ran over towers on either side and was buried deep in the hillside with the best of anchorage. It had been in use since the work began, and was originally capable of bearing a weight of ten tons. A swinging car was arranged to run out across the cable from either side. This car was used to transport building material—granite, cement, tools, etc.—but the workmen were never allowed to ride in it. By means of a guy rope a catch could be thrown off and the car lowered to any part of the work.

A car was sent from the west side loaded with two huge blocks of granite weighing two and a half tons each. It ran as usual until over the place at which a gang of thirty or forty Italians were at work laying the stones.

As the car neared the men the crowd of spectators on the west side began to shout, having noticed that the strands of the cable were parting. Those near the work were alarmed and took up the shout. The workmen attempted to escape, but the car was by this time over them and was descending with lightning speed.

There was a scattering for dear life and many succeeded in escaping the falling mass, which a moment later crashed upon the stone-work. The great blocks of granite were splintered and the fragments flew in all directions.

A cry or horror went up from the crowd as they saw two of the unfortunate workmen, paralyzed with fear, throw themselves flat on the ground. A second afterward a horrible shower of blood, brains and splintered bones was thrown out, but the sight was mercifully almost hidden by the great clouds of dust. Rocks were thrown among the companions of the unfortunate men and a number of them, with several of the onlookers who stood fifty yards away, fell bleeding. The broken cable squirmed like a thing of life, and several men were struck by it and knocked senseless.

As soon as the dust cleared away the terrified workmen approached the place. They were horrified at the spectacle. Blood was oozing from underneath the car. Derricks were procured and the mass of stone was lifted. When the car was hauled off the bodies were found to be crushed beyond all resemblance to human beings. They were left as they lay, and the wounded were removed to temporary quarters.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

GENERAL LEGITIME carried off from Hayti about $600,000.

KING HUMBERT, of Italy, is still suffering from dyspepsia.

MRS. U. S. GRANT will visit her son Jesse, in California, this winter.

SENATOR-ELECT PETTIGREW, of South Dakota, is only just over forty years old.

CORPORAL TANNER and family have settled down for the winter at Washington.

THE queen dowager of Portugal is to receive an annuity of $63,000, and she will reside abroad.

A COPY of Jay Gould's "History of Delaware County, New York," recently sold for forty dollars.

GENERAL GRENFELL, K. C. B., commander of the English forces in Egypt, looks like Grover Cleveland.

MANY people will be astonished to learn that the London preacher, Spurgeon, is only fifty-five years old.

THE late Sir Charles William Sikes was the founder of England's great system of post-office savings banks.

PRESIDENT CARNOT, of France, recently remarked that he was determined to visit America before he died.

PROFESSOR TYNDALL, the distinguished scientist, at the age of seventy has climbed the Alps in search of health.

THE Emperor of Japan has just taken possession of a new palace, furnished in European style. It cost him $4,000,000.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND and his wife are becoming well known "regular first nighters" at the New York theatres.

GENERAL BENJAMIN F. BUTLER says he has followed only one rule in writing his memoirs; that was to tell the truth.

GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA, the London journalist, is reported to have declined an offer of knighthood from Queen Victoria.

THE Chilian Minister and Senora Varas have learned the English language, and will be much in society in Washington this winter.

HORATIO GUZMAN, the Nicaraguan Minister to the United States, is a son of ex-President Guzman. He was educated in this country.

BRANDER MATTHEWS, the well-known litterateur, is a native of New Orleans, but has resided in New York city the greater part of his life.

CARDINAL MANNING is a slight, graceful, delicate, gracious, dignified man, wearing no insignia of his rank in the Church, except a small red hat.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has obtained a new steward for the White House. Philip McKim, of Scotch and Irish parentage, is Ziemann's successor.

EX-MAYOR HALL, of New York, has tried to practice law in London for some years, but he finds he cannot make a living without doing newspaper work.

EMPEROR WILLIAM, of Germany, thinks of nothing but war. He conforms his habits to those of Frederick the Great, and his court at Berlin has become a camp.

HANS JÆGER, one of the cleverest writers in Norway, has accepted the place of a common sailor on one of the Scandinavian ships, being poor and in bad health.

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It is the little foxes that spoil the grapes; the little leaks that sink the ship; the little extravagances that dribble away the earnings.

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easier than that? Remember that our goods rank with the best goods offered in any market. WE DO NOT HANDLE AUCTION GOODS! We give Values, making

Dime-saving Prices!

In addition to giving you low prices at all times, we will make the following great reduction in our Shoe department: Five per cent. off on every dollar's worth of goods purchased from us, for cash, on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, November 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th, 1889. Now is the time to purchase your Boots and Shoes. We have just received one of largest—or, we should say, the largest stock of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Shoes, ranging in price from the lowest "one dollar," upward, ever brought to Mapleton; also, Men's and Boy's Boots of every description. In addition to this large stock, we carry Men's Fine Shoes, Rubber Boots, Over Shoes, etc., etc.

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LEAVE WESTWARD. Pacific Express.	Way Passenger.	Altoona Accommodat'n.	STATIONS.	LEAVE EASTWARD. Sea Shore Express.	Mail.	Altoona Accom.
p. m.	a. m.	a.m.		p. m.	p.m.	a. m.
11 25	4 30		Philadelphia	3 15	1045	
a. m.				a. m.		
3 10	8 15	4 15	Harrisburg	11 40	7 00	10 20
	8 33	4 33	Marysville	11 22	6 39	10 02
3 38	8 54	4 49	Duncannon	11 07	6 21	9 45
4 00	9 26	5 16	Newport	10 44	5 50	9 15
	9 52	5 36	Thompsout'n	10 25	5 26	8 52
4 34	10 13	5 54	Port Royal	10 09	5 09	8 32
4 39	10 20	6 00	Mifflin	10 05	5 03	8 27
5 01	10 46	6 23	Lewistown Jn	9 43	4 38	8 00
	10 55	6 32	Granville	9 36	4 29	7 52
5 22	11 14	6 48	McVeytown	9 20	4 12	7 37
5 40	11 39	7 10	N. Hamilton	9 02	3 51	7 17
5 46	11 46	7 15	Mt. Union	8 56	3 46	7 11
5 54	11 55	7 22	MAPLETON	8 51	3 38	7 05
6 00	12 03	7 29	Mill Creek	8 45	3 32	6 59
6 12	12 17	7 40	Huntingdon	8 35	3 20	6 48
6 25	12 31	7 54	Petersburg	8 20	3 06	6 35
6 33	12 40	8 01	Barree	8 13	2 59	6 29
6 40	12 46	8 07	Spruce Creek	8 06	2 54	6 24
6 54	12 59	8 20	Birmingham	7 55	2 42	6 13
7 00	1 07	8 26	Tyrone	7 49	2 35	6 07
7 11	1 16	8 34	Tipton	7 40	2 26	5 59
7 22	1 26	8 44	Bellwood	7 32	2 18	5 51
7 30	1 32	8 49	Elizabeth Fur	7 26	2 11	5 42
7 45	1 45	9 00	Altoona	7 15	2 00	5 35
12 45	6 50		Pittsburg		5 30	
p. m.	p. m.	a.m.		p. m.	a.m.	a. m.

Mail Express east leaves Altoona at 6:20 p. m., daily, Tyrone, 6:52; Birmingham, 6:59; Spruce Creek, 7:10; Petersburg, 7:22; Huntingdon, 7:37; Mapleton, 7:53; Mount Union, 8:00; Harrisburg, 10:45 and arrives at Philadelphia at 4:25 a. m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia daily at 11:50 a. m., Mount Union 6:11 p. m.; Huntingdon, 6:30; Altoona, 7:50 and arrives at Pittsburg at 11:55 p. m.

Day Express east leaves Pittsburg at 8:00 a. m., daily, Altoona, 11:50 a. m., Huntingdon, 12:48 p. m., Mount Union, 1:08; Harrisburg, 3:20, and arrives at Philadelphia at 6:50 p. m.

Philadelphia Express east leaves daily, (except Sunday) Pittsburg at 4:30 p. m., Altoona, 9:05; Huntingdon 10:12; Harrisburg, 1:00 a. m., and arrives at Philadelphia at 4:25 a. m.

Fast Line east leaves Pittsburg at 8.10 p. m., daily, Altoona, 12:01 a. m., Huntingdon, 12:58; Harrisburg, 3:30, and arrives at Philadelphia at 6:50 a. m.

Mail train west leaves Philadelphia daily at 7:00 a. m., Harrisburg, 11:20; Mount Union, 1:56 p. m., Huntingdon, 2:17; Altoona, 3:40, and arrives at Pittsburg at 8:10 p. m.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN RAILROAD.

New Schedule Nov. 29th, 1888.

SOUTH Mail	SOUTH Expr's	STATIONS.	NORTH Fast Line	NORTH Day Expr's
a. m.	a. m.		p. m.	p. m.
6 35	8 25	Huntingdon	6 20	12 15
6 45	8 35	McConl'st'n	6 09	12 02
6 52	8 41	Grafton	6 05	11 58
7 03	8 51	Marklesb'g	5 55	11 48
7 10	9 00	Entriken	5 45	11 40
f7 22	9 12	Cove	5 32	11 28
7 35	9 25	Saxton	5 20	11 15
7 48	9 40	Riddlesburg	5 06	11 02
7 53	9 45	Hopewell	5 02	10 57
8 05	9 55	Cypher	f4 52	10 47
8 15	10 08	Tatesville	4 41	10 38
8 21	10 17	Everett	4 33	10 28
8 25	10 20	Mt. Dallas. Bedford	4 30	10 25
p. m.	a. m.		p. m.	a. m.

"f" Flag Stations.

Trains over Shoup's Branch leave Saxton at 9:35 and arrive at Dudley at 10:05 a. m. Leave Dudley at 4:30 and arrive at Saxton at 5:00 p. m.

GEO. F. GAGE, Supt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

To take effect at 6:00 a. m., on Wednesday, Aug. 1, 1888.

SOUTH. Mixed, No. 10.	Mixed, No. 8.	Mail, No. 2.	STATIONS.	NORTH. Mail, No. 1.	Mixed, No. 7.	Mixed, No. 9
p. m.	a. m.	p.m.		a. m.	a.m.	p. m.
6 42	12 09	4 21	Robertsdale	9 00	6 00	1 00
6 29	11 56	4 10	Cook's	9 11	6 13	1 13
6 21	11 48	4 04	Rocky Ridge	9 19	6 21	1 21
6 15	11 42	3 57	Cole's	9 24	6 27	1 27
5 40	11 07	3 27	Saltillo	9 54	6 57	1 56
5 20	10 58	3 20	Three Springs	10 01	7 05	2 04
5 08	10 42	3 06	*Beersville	10 14	7 20	2 17
4 52	10 27	2 52	Rockhill	10 27	7 35	2 32
4 22	9 54	2 26	Shirley	10 43	7 55	3 02
4 12	9 45	2 18	*Augh. Mills	10 51	8 05	3 11
3 54	9 25	2 05	Mount Union	11 05	8 25	3 30

Express No. 3, moving north leaves Rockhill at 12:30, arriving at Mt. Union at 1 p. m,

Express No. 4. moving south leaves Mount Union at 11:50 a. m., arriving at Rockhill at 12:20 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. No. 14	WEST. No. 12	STATIONS.	EAST No. 11	EAST No. 13
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
6 23	9 40	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 42
6 16	9 33	*Blacklog	6 37	4 49
6 08	9 25	*Cedar Rock	5 45	4 57
6 04	9 21	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 01
5 58	9 15	*Shade Gap	6 55	5 07
5 46	8 58	Stair	7 07	5 19
5 37	8 49	A Goshorn L	7 16	5 28

* Flag stations.

A. W. SIMS, Superintendent.

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby notified to not trespass on any lands, leased by or belonging to either of the undersigned, for the purpose of hunting, gathering berries, or for any other purpose. All violations of this notice will be dealt with as the law directs.

W. D. CREE, A. J. WHITE,
W. T. BORING, WALTER PARKS,
ADAM RUPERT, F. E. WEAVER.

Sept. 5, 1889.

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT —OF THE— OPERA HOUSE CLOTHING STORE

Sensible are they who, before buying anything, take the trouble to investigate where they can get the best value in return for their money. Proceeding on in this careful path, you are bound to land at

EBY'S IN THE OPERA HOUSE,

where there is open for your inspection the

Largest and Finest Line of Ready-Made Clothing

ever brought to Huntingdon county. If you have not got your Fall and Winter Suit yet, will you please come and examine ours?

Men's Fine Dress Overcoats! Overcoats!

We have on our counters, the Finest Line of Light and Heavy-Weight Coats ever seen in this place. Men's Fine Dress Meltons at $10.00. We have them in eight different colors.

Boys' and Children's Clothing! Clothing!

We have them, and the prices will sell them. **Knee Pants Suits** from $1.50, $2.00, $3.00, up. Children's and Boys' Overcoats, from 4 to 13 years, $2.00, up. From 15 to 18 years, Satin-faced, in Meltons, $6.50 to $7.00.

Hats, Caps, Trunks, and Gents' Furnishing Goods!

We can scarcely mention anything about this line of goods, only we can say we have them, as our windows will show you. Our Great Underwear Sale will commence to-day and continue until you have got yours from us.

Do we refund money in case of dissatisfaction? Of course we do, and without any bickering or bantering, too, but that is no more than any first-class house will do. Buy your Fall Suit from us and you will not want to return it. It will fit you perfectly and please you so well that you will return only to buy your Overcoat and Furnishings.

W. E. EBY,

Opera House, **HUNTINGDON, PA.**

HATS, BONNETS, CAPS,

Mrs. M. E. EVANS,

Now has the largest line of Fall and Winter Millinery, Dry Goods, Notions, and Furnishing Goods for Ladies, ever opened out in Mapleton.

Trimmings, Flowers, Birds, Wings, Feathers, Tips, Aigrets, Ornaments, Velvets, Cords, etc., etc., etc.

Dry Goods and Fancy Goods of so many kinds I can't itemize them. Come and examine them.

Mrs. M. E. Evans,

MARKET STREET, - MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.

W. H. LIGHTNER,

JEWELER,

Mapleton Depot - - Pa.,

Dealer in

WATCHES, CLOCKS, CHAINS, CHARMS, SOCIETY PINS, ETC., ETC.

Any article in my line not kept in stock will be furnished on short notice at as low a price as it can be purchased elsewhere.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired promptly and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call.

W. H. Lightner,

FOSTERS BUILDING - - MAIN STREET.

New Meat Market!

D. M. COWHER, Proprietor.

Market in Rex's Building,

MAIN STREET, - MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.

I will keep constantly on hand fresh and salt meats and will furnish patrons with just what they desire.

Ham,
Veal,
Lard,
Sausage,
Pudding,
Sliced Ham,
Fresh Beef,
Dried Beef,
Fresh Pork,
Breakfast Bacon,
Shoulder, etc.

I respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of the people of Mapleton.

D. M. COWHER.

Fashionable Millinery!

Miss Mattie Robley,

Main St., Mapleton Depot, Pa.

I have just returned from the East with the Finest Line of Millinery ever brought to Mapleton, consisting of Hats, Bonnets, Feathers, Birds, Ribbons, and other Trimmings.

I have a Big Stock of Plain Velvets, different shades. Brocaded velvets are not worn this season.

My goods are of the latest styles, and, remember, I have no two hats exactly alike. We extend you a cordial invitation to come and see my goods.

MISS MATTIE ROBLEY.